

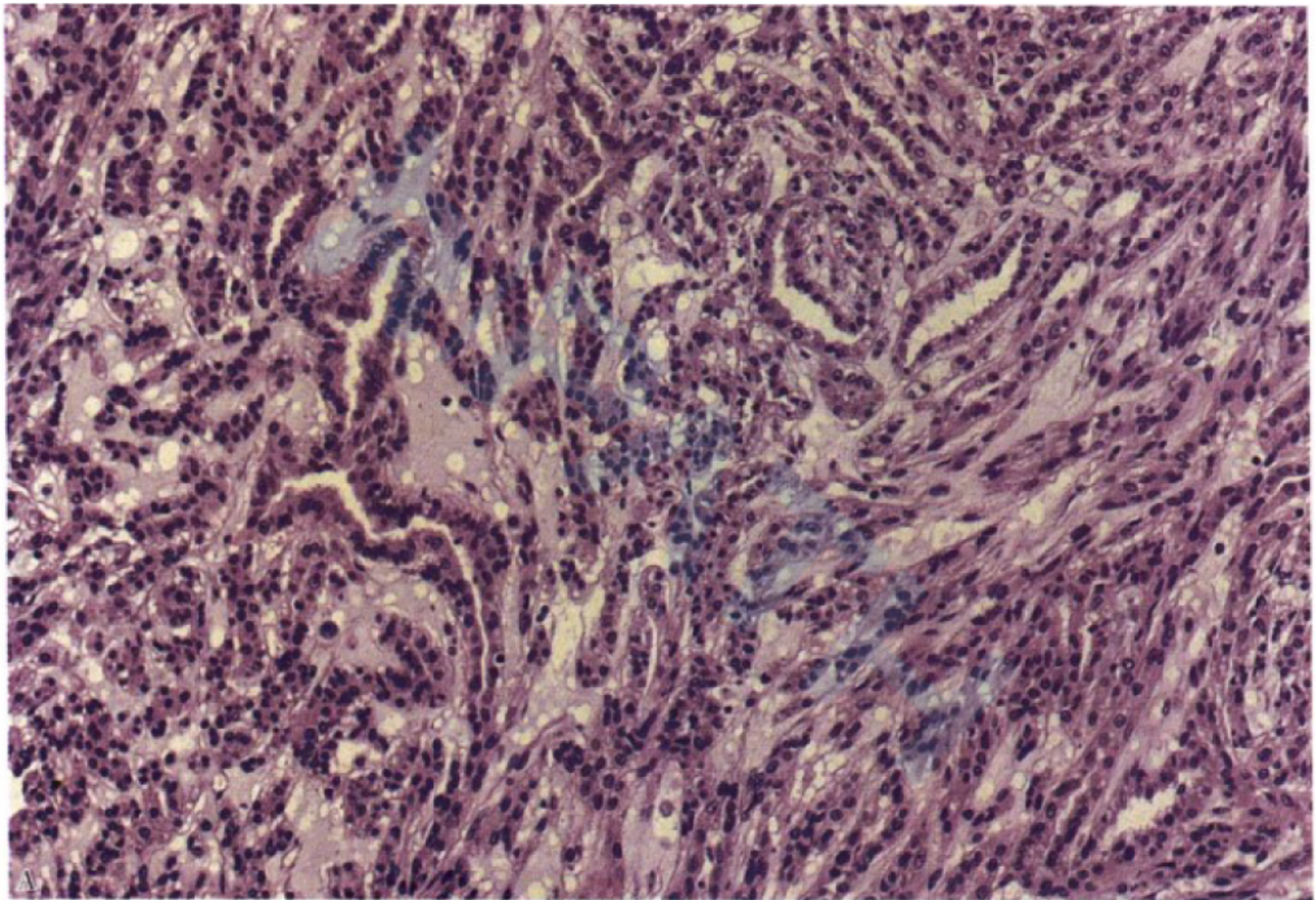
# *VSTM2A* Overexpression Is a Sensitive and Specific Biomarker for Mucinous Tubular and Spindle Cell Carcinoma (MTSCC) of the Kidney

汇报人：颜临丽

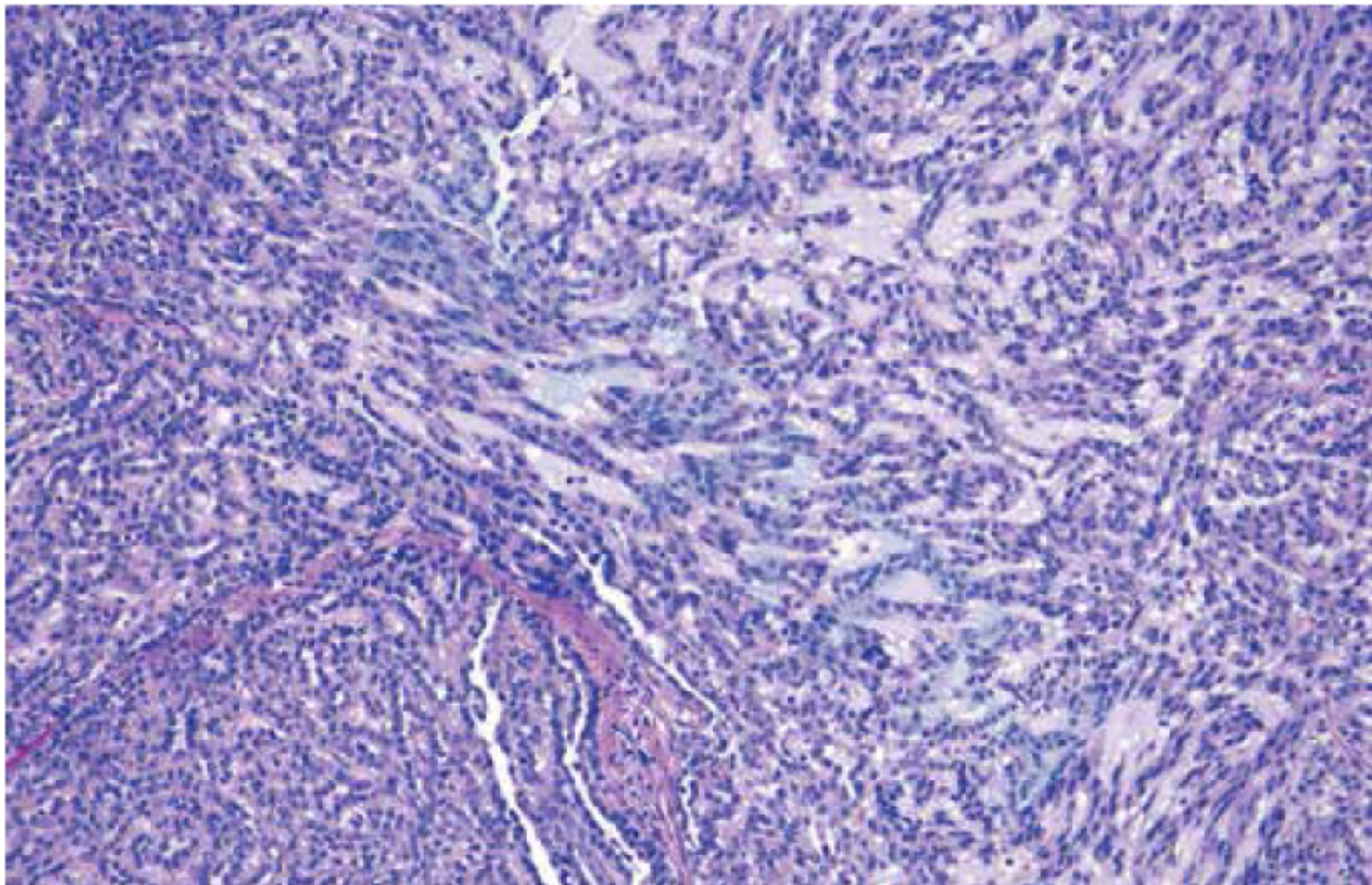
# 黏液小管状和梭形细胞癌mucinous tubular and spindle cell carcinoma (MTSCC)

- 定义：MTSCC是一种肾脏上皮性肿瘤，特征性的由管状结构组成，合并有温和的梭形细胞和黏液样间质。
- 发病率：<1%肾脏肿瘤，年龄13-81岁（平均：58岁），女：男=3：1
- 部位：主要位于肾皮质，也可以发生在髓质
- 大体：界限清楚的实性包块，切面灰黄-棕褐色
- 组织学：肿瘤由紧密排列的、小而狭长的小管组成，特征性的移行梭形细胞。小管细胞立方，局部胞浆透明、嗜酸性或空泡状。核级为低级别。间质为嗜碱性黏液。
- 有报道一些MTSCC病例，肿瘤含有高级别核和肉瘤样变。









**Fig. 1.35** Mucinous tubular and spindle cell carcinoma. The tumour is composed of tubular cells, which are commonly elongated or cord-like, and spindle cells with bland nuclei; abundant mucin is observed in the stroma.



# 黏液小管状和梭形细胞癌mucinous tubular and spindle cell carcinoma (MTSCC)

- 免疫组化：CK7、PAX2、P504S阳性
- 遗传学：比较基因组杂交技术显示低级别肿瘤有多种染色体的缺失，包括1, 4, 6, 8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 和22。细胞遗传学分析显示1例高级别肿瘤伴有肉瘤样转化的由染色体14和15的缺失，及染色体2, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 17, 19, 20, 22, and X的获得
- 预后：大多数肿瘤惰性进程，罕见复发，伴有高级别转化的肿瘤可能远处转移及致命



# BACKGROUND

- Recent large next-generation sequencing (NGS) data sets of renal cell carcinoma (RCC) provide opportunities to discover and characterize biomarkers, disease mechanisms, tumor phenotypes, and therapeutic targets.
- To better understand the etiology and molecular subtypes of RCC, we sought to identify cancer-specific and lineage-specific biomarkers by performing an integrative analysis of RNA sequencing (RNA-seq) data from TCGA (The Cancer Genome Atlas) index samples, MCTP (Michigan Center for Translational Pathology) cohorts, and the Knepper data set of microdissected rat nephrons



- MTSCC cases occasionally show extensive morphologic and immunohistochemical overlap with PRCC, especially PRCC with low-grade spindle cell foci
- VSTM2A (V-set transmembrane domain containing 2A) and IRX5 (Iroquois homeobox gene 5) were identified as cancer-specific and lineage-specific biomarkers in MTSCC, respectively



# MATERIALS AND METHODS

- RCC Cohorts
- RNA-seq Analysis
- RNA In Situ Hybridization
- Fluorescence In Situ Hybridization
- Statistical Analysis



# RNA In Situ Hybridization

- The RNA ISH signal was identified as brown, punctate dots, and the expression level was scored as follows:

0= no staining or <1 dot per 10 cells,

1 = 1 to 3 dots per cell,

2=4 to 9 dots per cell (few or no dot clusters),

3= 10 to 15 dots per cell (<10% in dot clusters),

4= >15 dots per cell (>10% in dot clusters).

- As previously described, a cumulative RNA ISH product score was calculated for each evaluable tissue core as the sum of the individual products of the expression level (0 to 4) and percentage of cells [0 to 100; ie,  $(A\% \times 0) + (B\% \times 1) + (C\% \times 2) + (D\% \times 3) + (E\% \times 4)$ ; total range= 0 to 400]

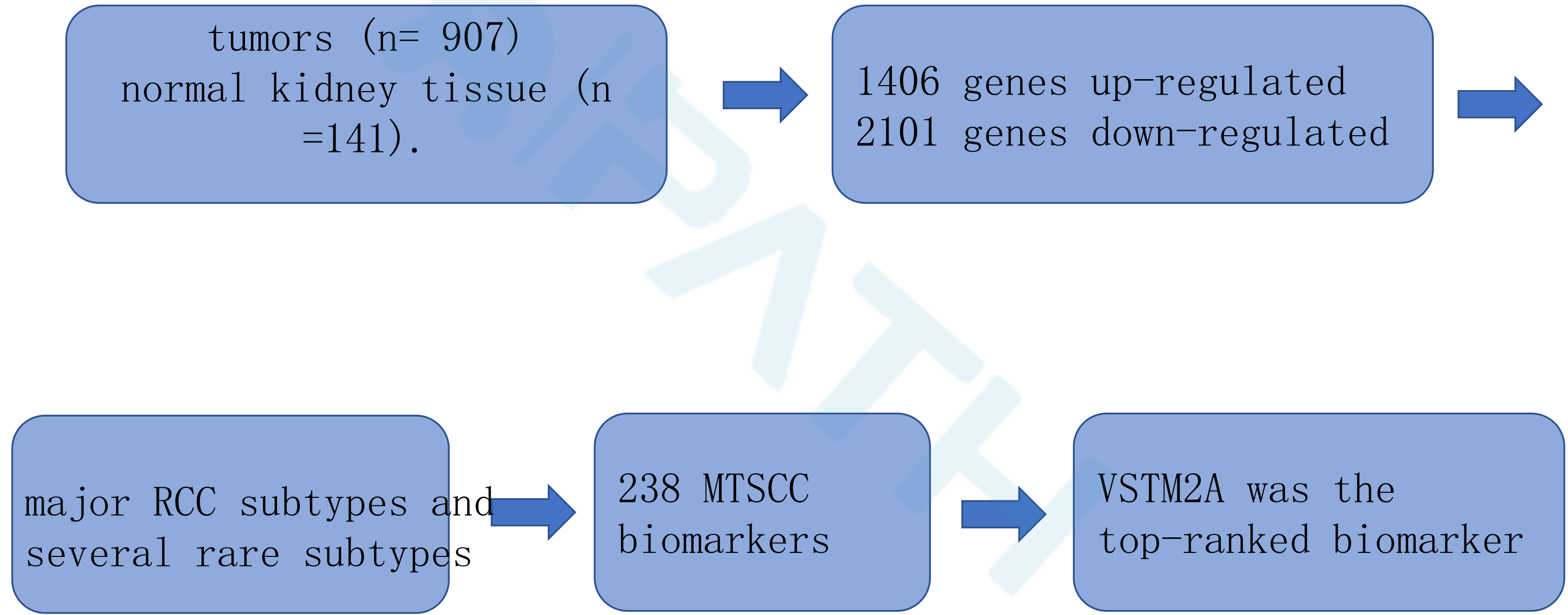


# RESULTS

- Nomination of Cancer-specific and Lineage-specific Biomarkers in MTSCC
- Clinical Characteristics of the Cohort
- VSTM2A is a Cancer-specific Marker for MTSCC
- IRX5 is a Lineage-specific Biomarker for MTSCC
- Diagnostic Performance of VSTM2A and IRX5 for MTSCC



# cancer-specific biomarkers



# lineage-specific biomarkers

We noted that in addition to overexpression of IRX5 in MTSCC tumors (4-fold change and ranked No. 15) , certain nephron segments, that is in the loop of Henle, also expressed this gene。





# RCC Cohorts

**TABLE 1.** Clinical Characteristics of the Study Cases

Tumor Type	Total Patients (n)	Age (y)*	Male/ Female (Ratio)	Tumor Size (cm)*	WHO/ ISUP Grade
MTSCC	33	62 (21-78) 69 (53-82)	0.53:1 0:1	4.2 (1.3-16.5) 4.7 (3-6.6)	Low grade (29) High grade (4)
Type 1 PRCC	40	60 (41-87)	4:1	3.6 (1.3-16.9)	Grade 2 (28) Grade 3 (11) Grade 4 (1)
Type 2 PRCC	8	72 (58-80)	7:1	3.6 (1.3-7.9)	Grade 3 (7) Grade 4 (1)
Unclassified RCC†	2	62	1	10.2	Grade 3 (2)
CCRCC	15	63 (30-82)	2.75:1	6.0 (2.2-12.5)	Grade 2 (3) Grade 3 (6) Grade 4 (6)
ChRCC	15	61 (37-72)	2:1	4.3 (2.3-11)	NA

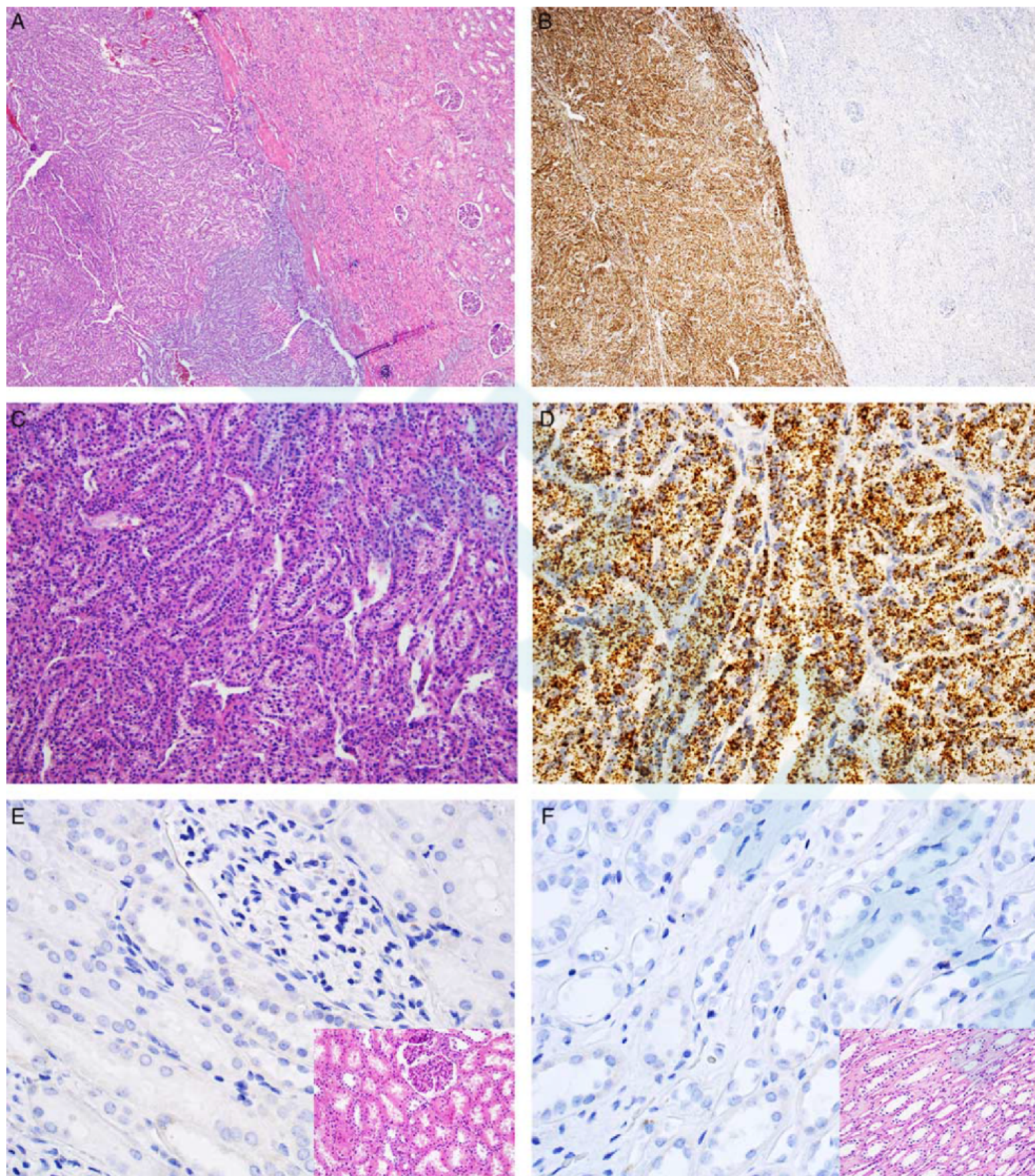
\*Median (range).  
†One patient has missing data.  
NA indicates not available.



## VSTM2A RNA ISH

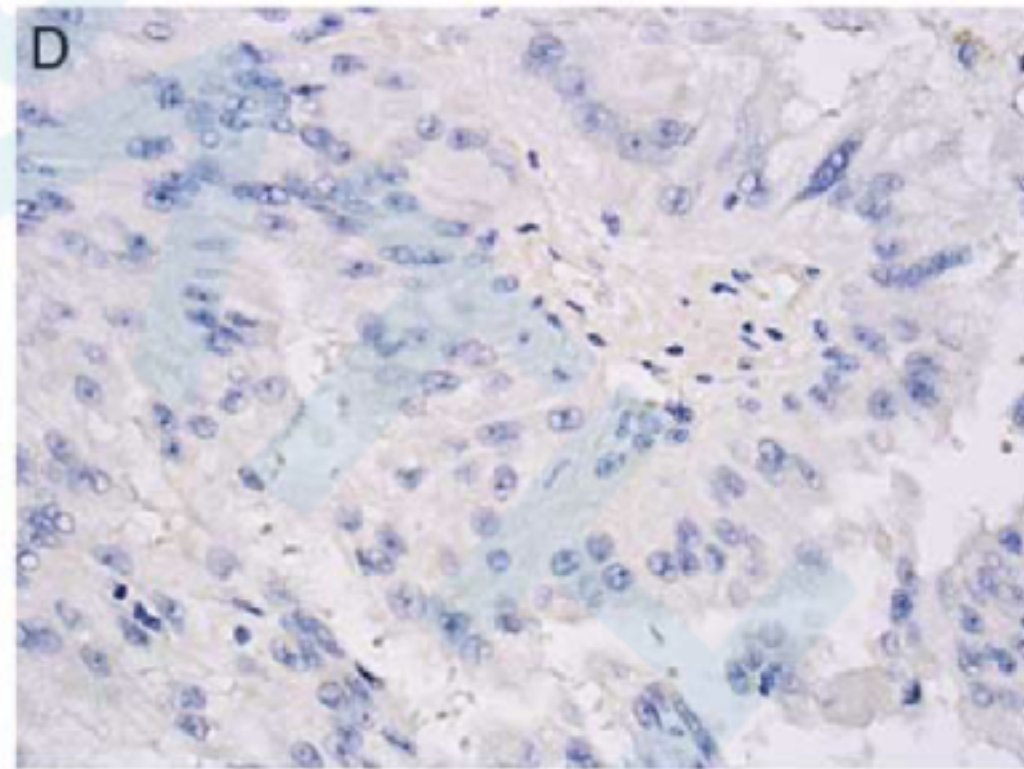
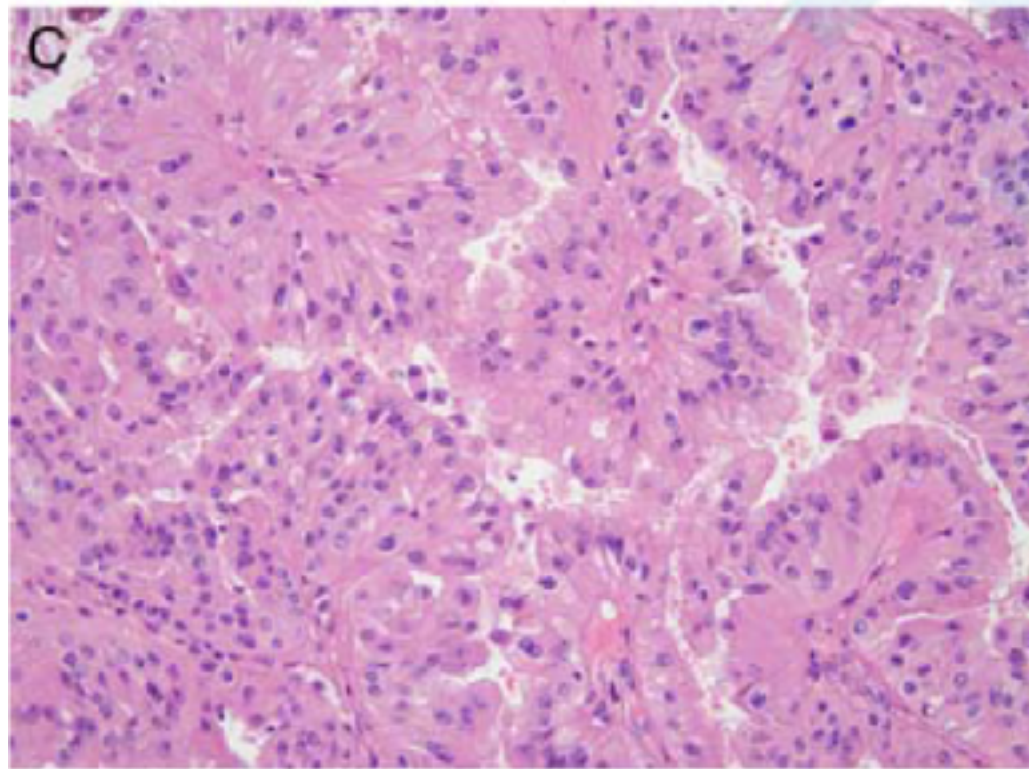
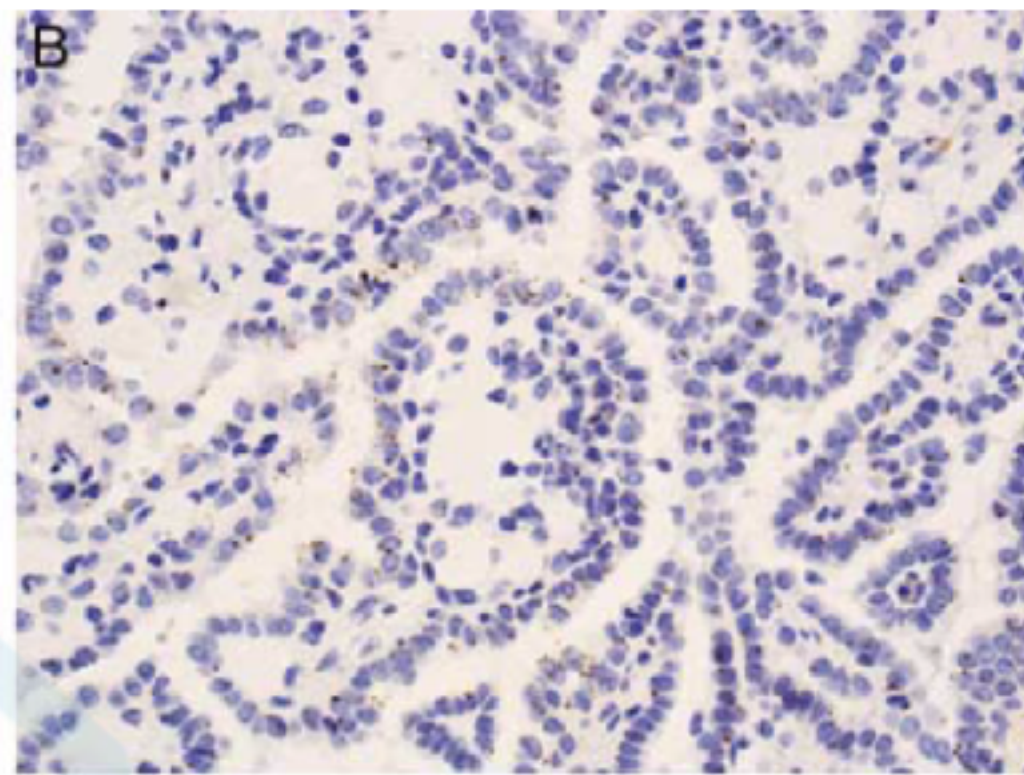
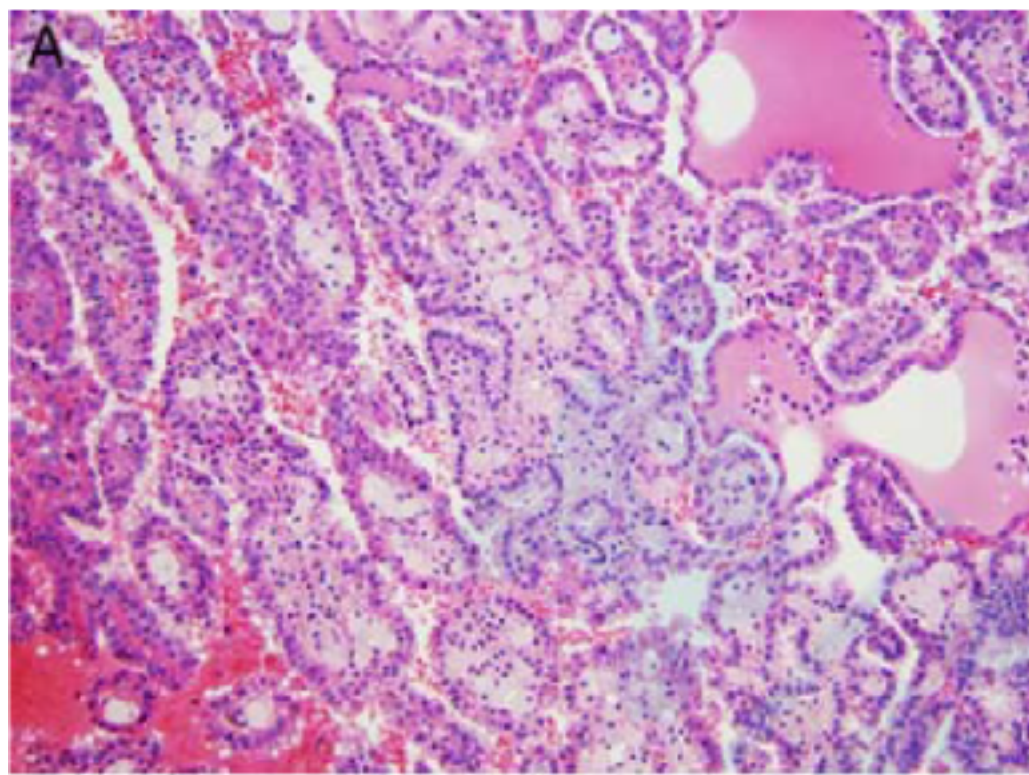
- almost no dots were detected in renal cortical or medullary cells
- All classic MTSCC tumors (n=29) demonstrated homogeneous moderate to high expression of VSTM2A (mean ISH score=265; range=150 to 350) ranged from 80% to 100%.
- Four MTSCC tumors with high-grade features demonstrated moderate expression of VSTM2A (mean ISH score=225; range=180 to 255) ranged from 80% to 90%.





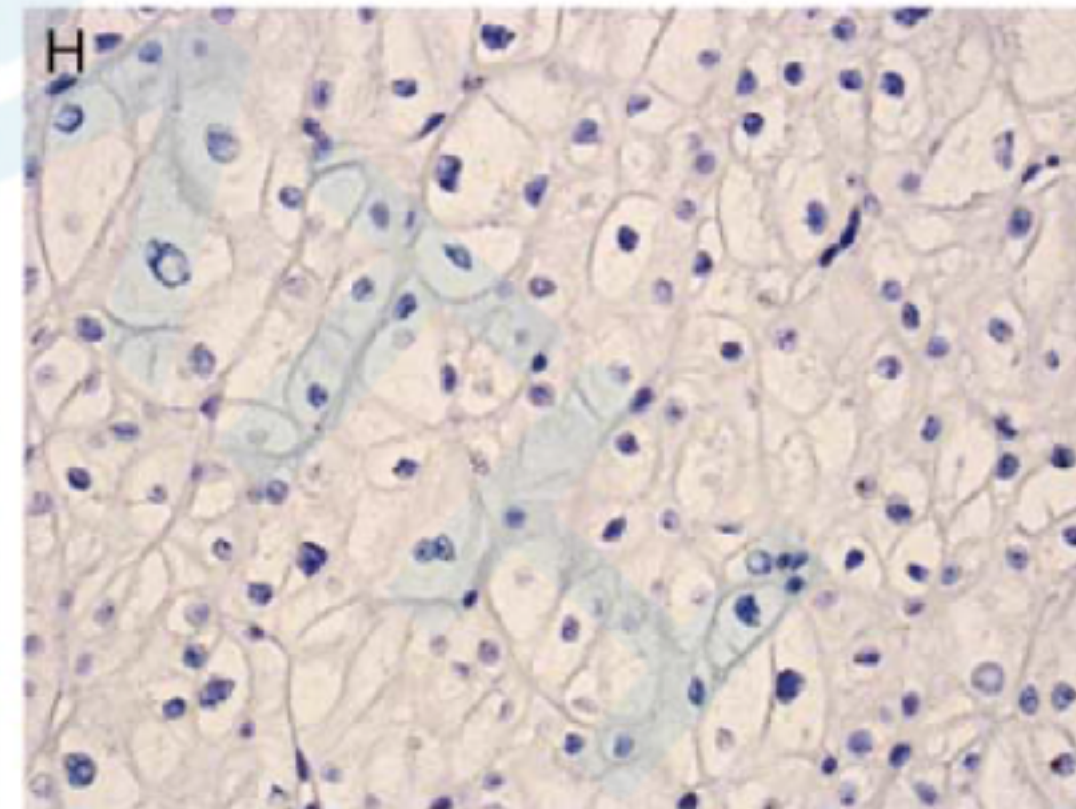
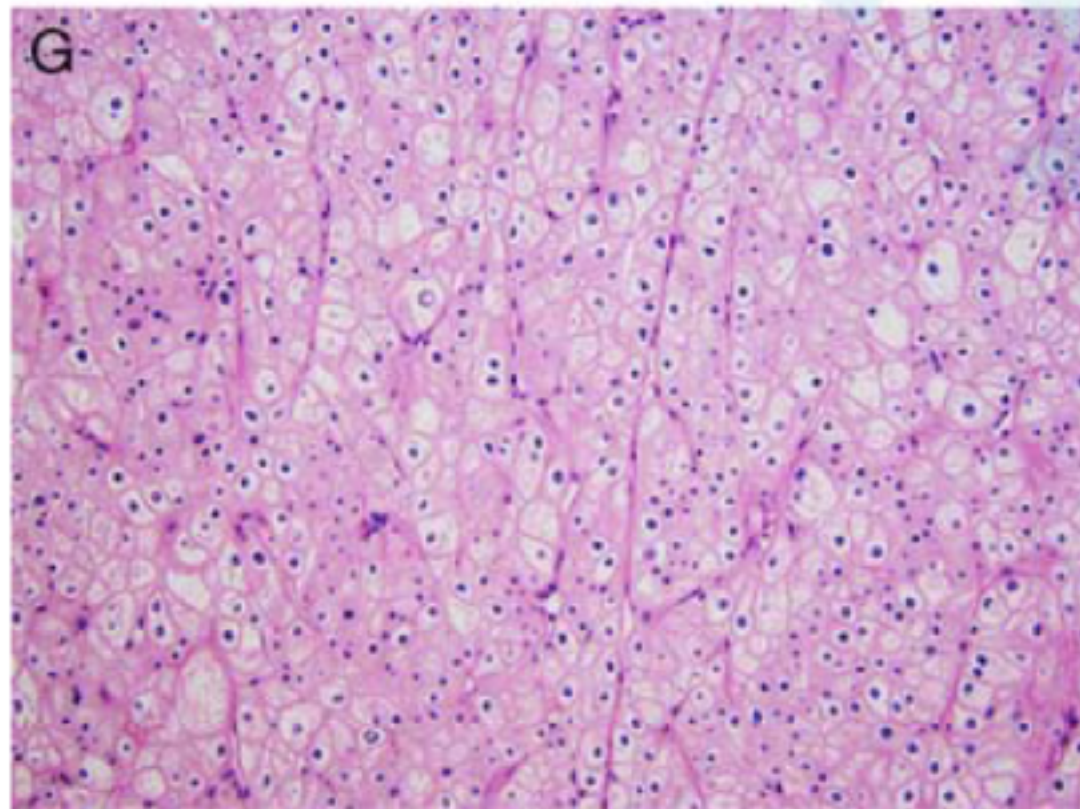
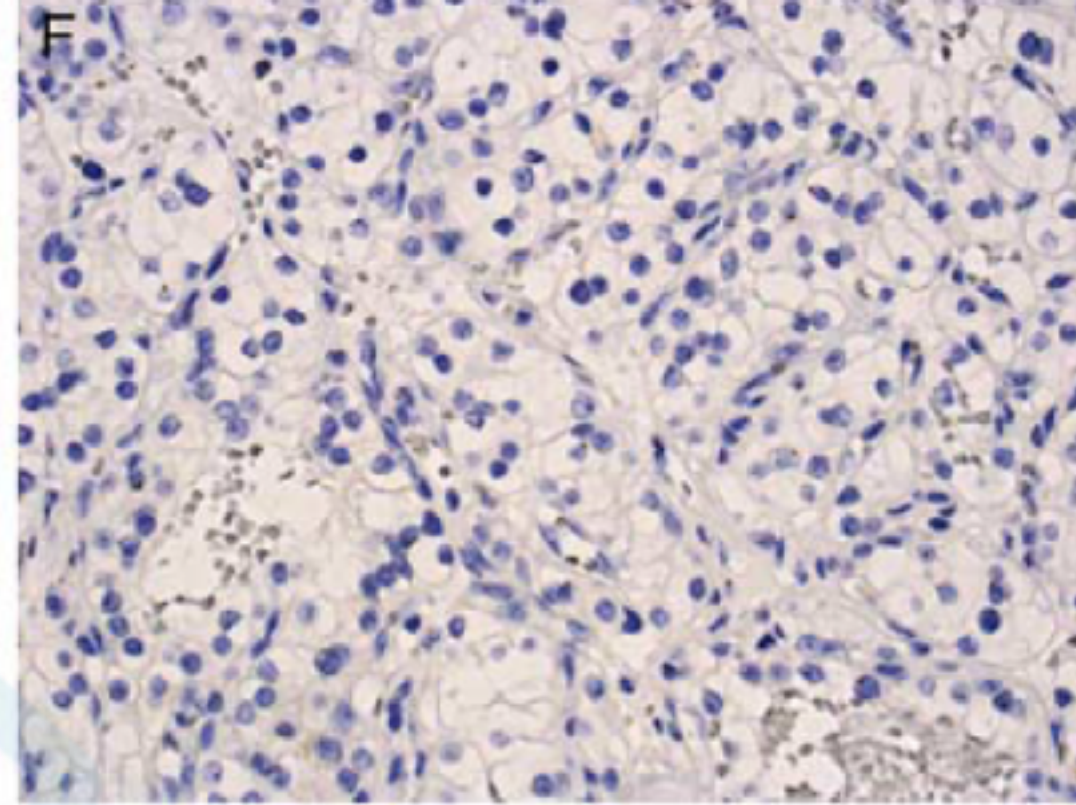
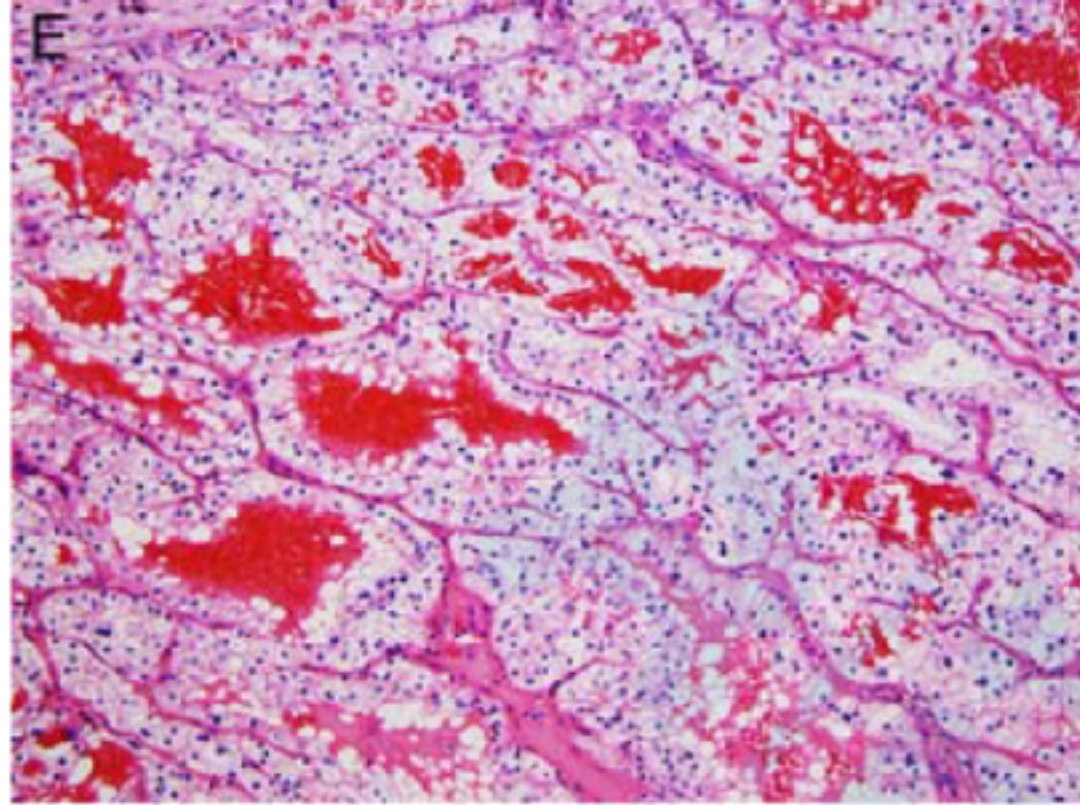
**FIGURE 2.** *VSTM2A* expression in MTSCC by RNA ISH. A and C, Classic MTSCC with elongated tubules in a myxoid matrix (H&E, 3 and D, *VSTM2A* expression in MTSCC by RNA ISH, with brown, punctate dots and no background staining. E and F, Negative expression of *VSTM2A* in renal cortex and medulla, respectively; inset: H&E.





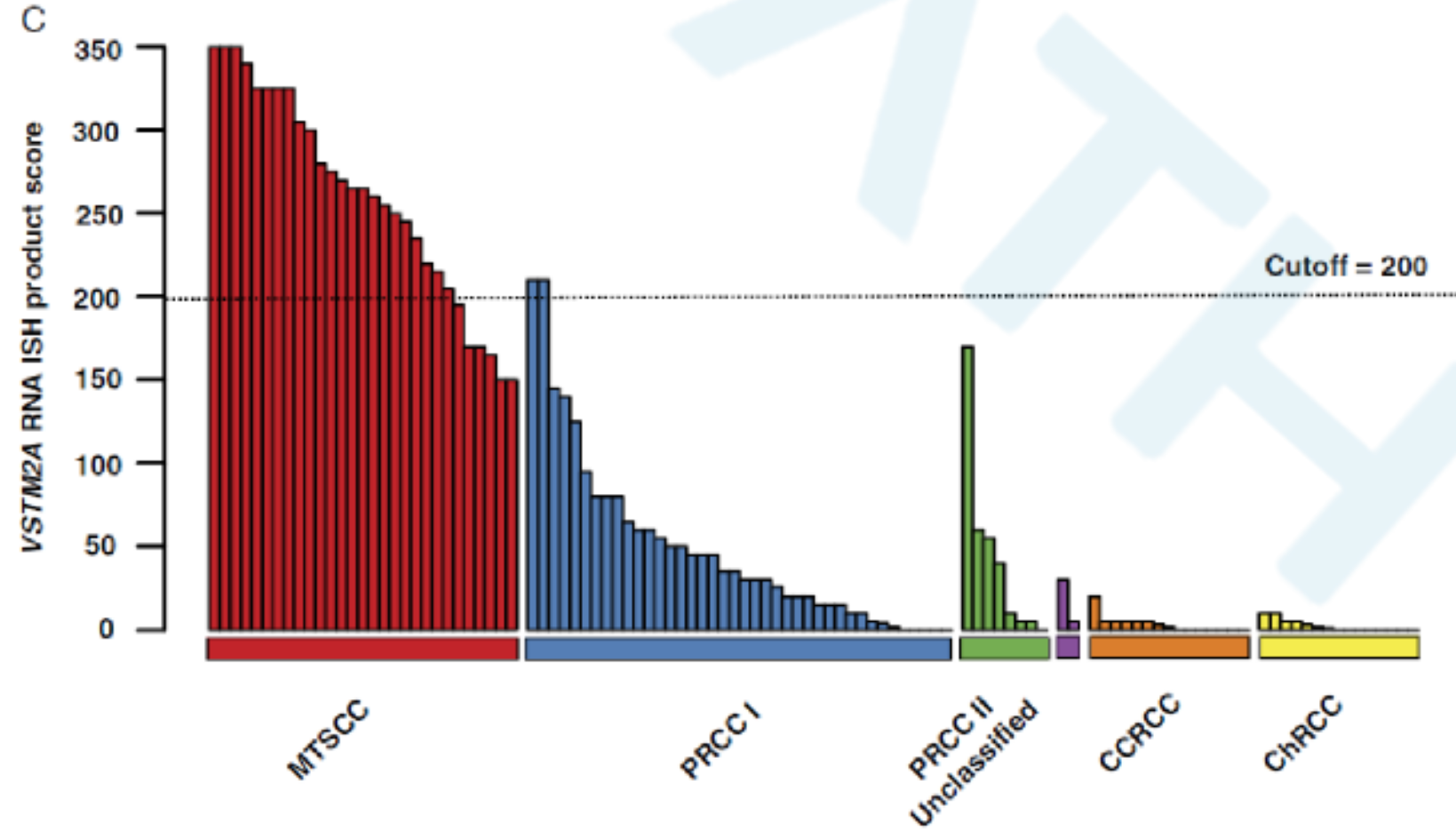
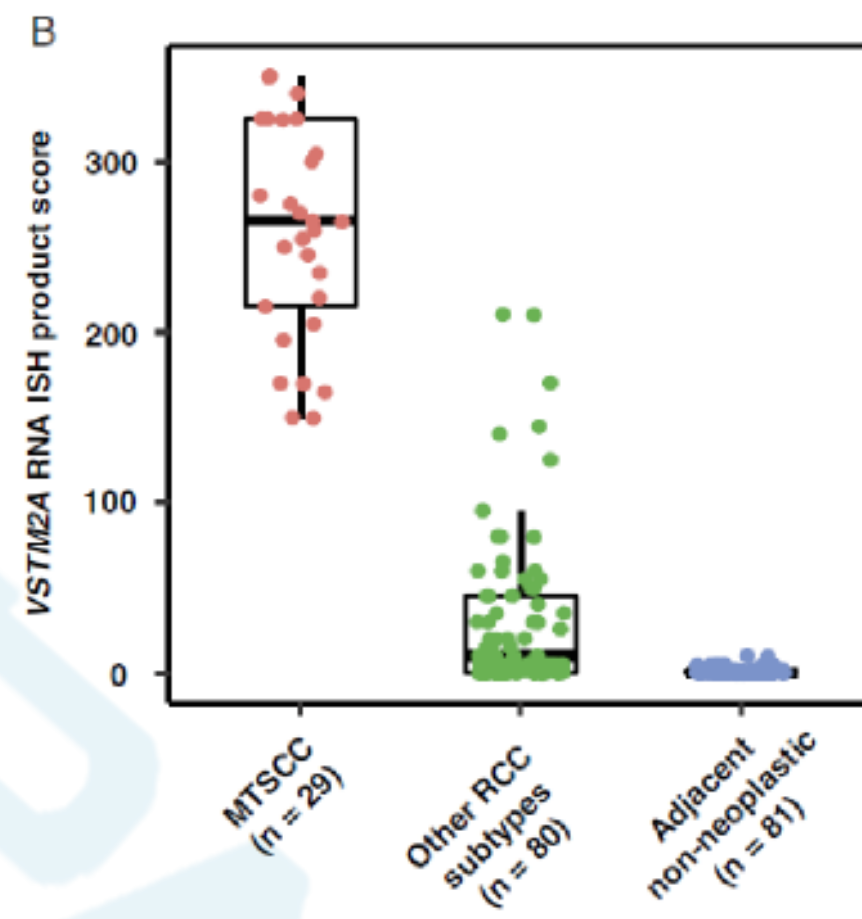
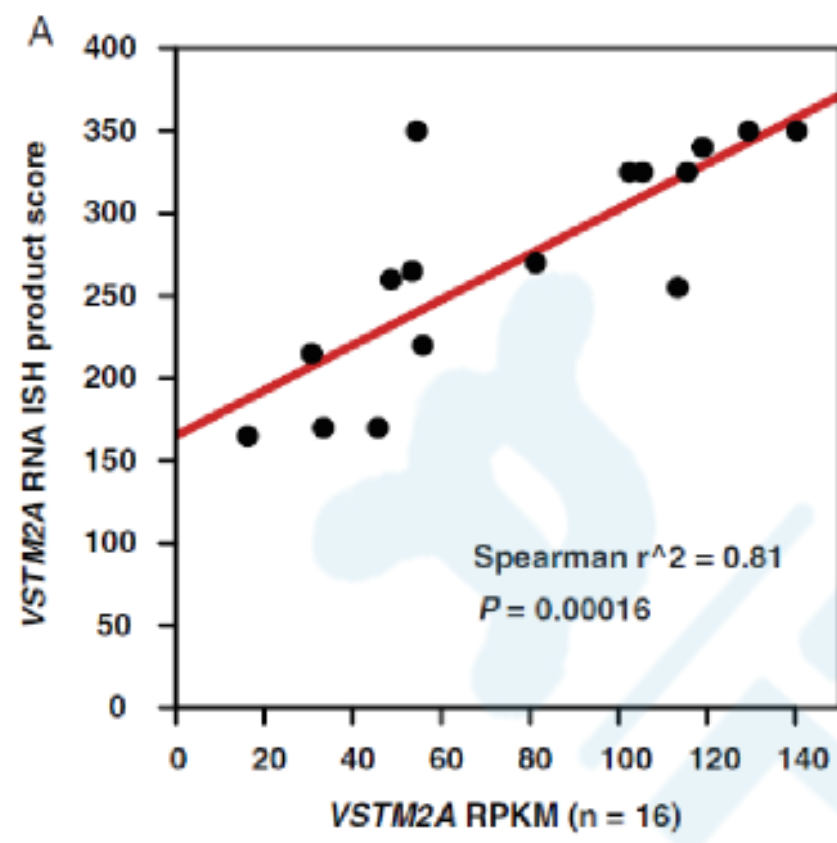
VSTM2A expression in other RCC subtypes. A, Type 1 PRCC, is characterized by small cuboidal cells covering thin papillae with a single line of uniform nuclei and small nucleoli (H&E). B, Type 1 PRCC exhibited **low expression** of VSTM2A by RNAISH. C, Type 2 PRCC, characterized by pseudostratified columnar epithelium on papillary cores, with abundant and eosinophilic cytoplasm, large nuclei and prominent nucleoli (H&E). D, Type 2 PRCC was **negative** for VSTM2A expression by RNA ISH.





E, CCRCC is composed of tumor cells with a clear cytoplasm arranged in nests and pseudopapillary structures with a delicate vascular network (H&E). F, CCRCC was **negative** for VSTM2A expression by RNA ISH. G, ChRCC is composed of large cells with defined cell membranes (H&E). H, ChRCC was **negative** for VSTM2A expression by RNA ISH.





# IRX5 RNA ISH

- IRX5 was absent in the non-neoplastic renal cortex, but was expressed in certain medullary tubules, presumably the loop of Henle
- Classic MTSCC tumors (n=29) showed moderate to high expression of IRX5 (mean ISH score=150; range=0 to 300) ranged from 0% to 100%
- Four high grade MTSCC tumors demonstrated low expression of IRX5 (mean ISH score=70; range=50 to 120) ranged from 40% to 60%.



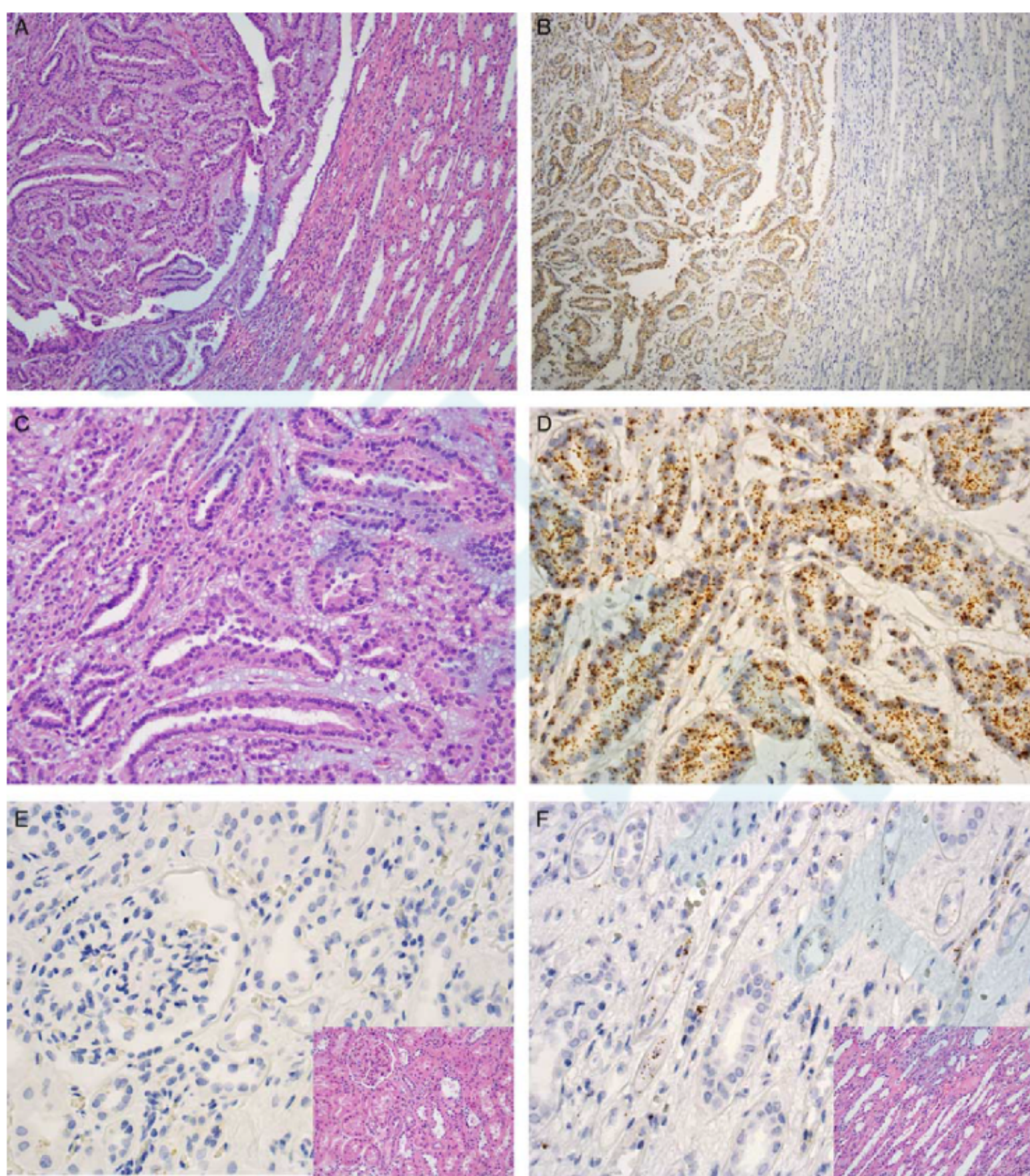


FIGURE 5. *IRX5* expression in MTSCC by RNA ISH. A and C, Classic MTSCC (H&E). B and D, *IRX5* expression in MTSCC by RNA ISH. E, Negative expression of *IRX5* in renal cortex by RNA ISH; inset: H&E. F, Certain tubules stained positive for *IRX5* in renal medulla by RNA ISH; inset: H&E.



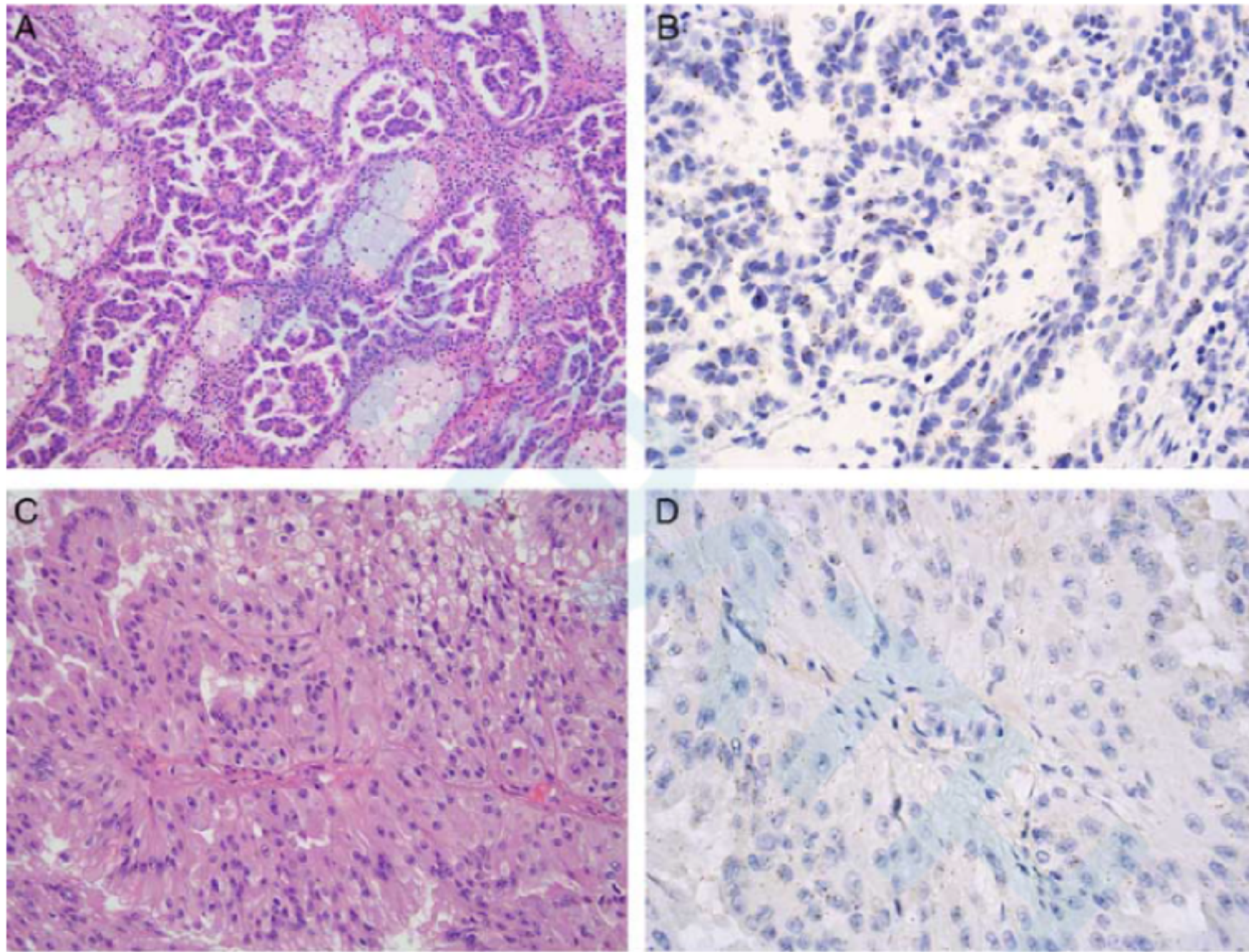
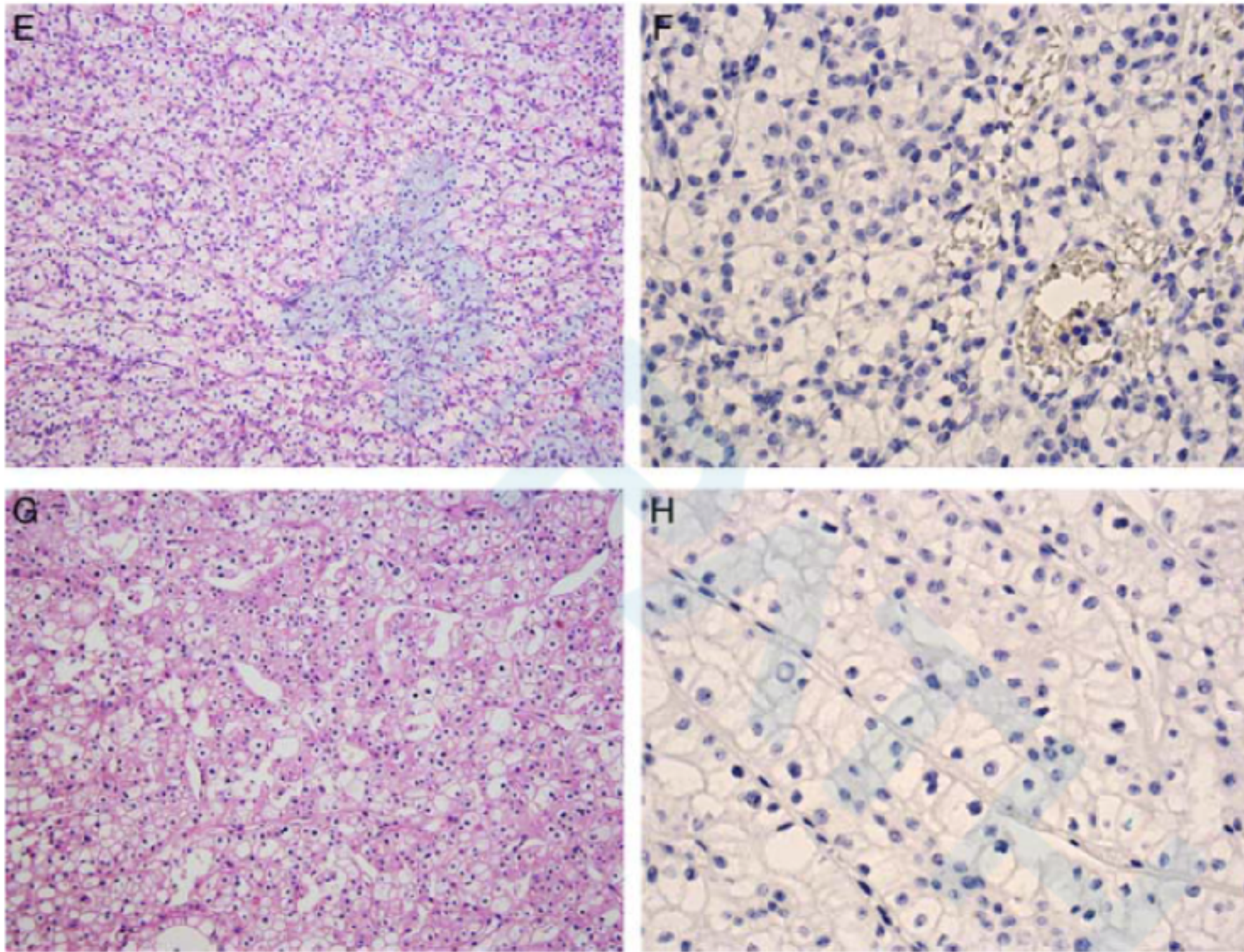


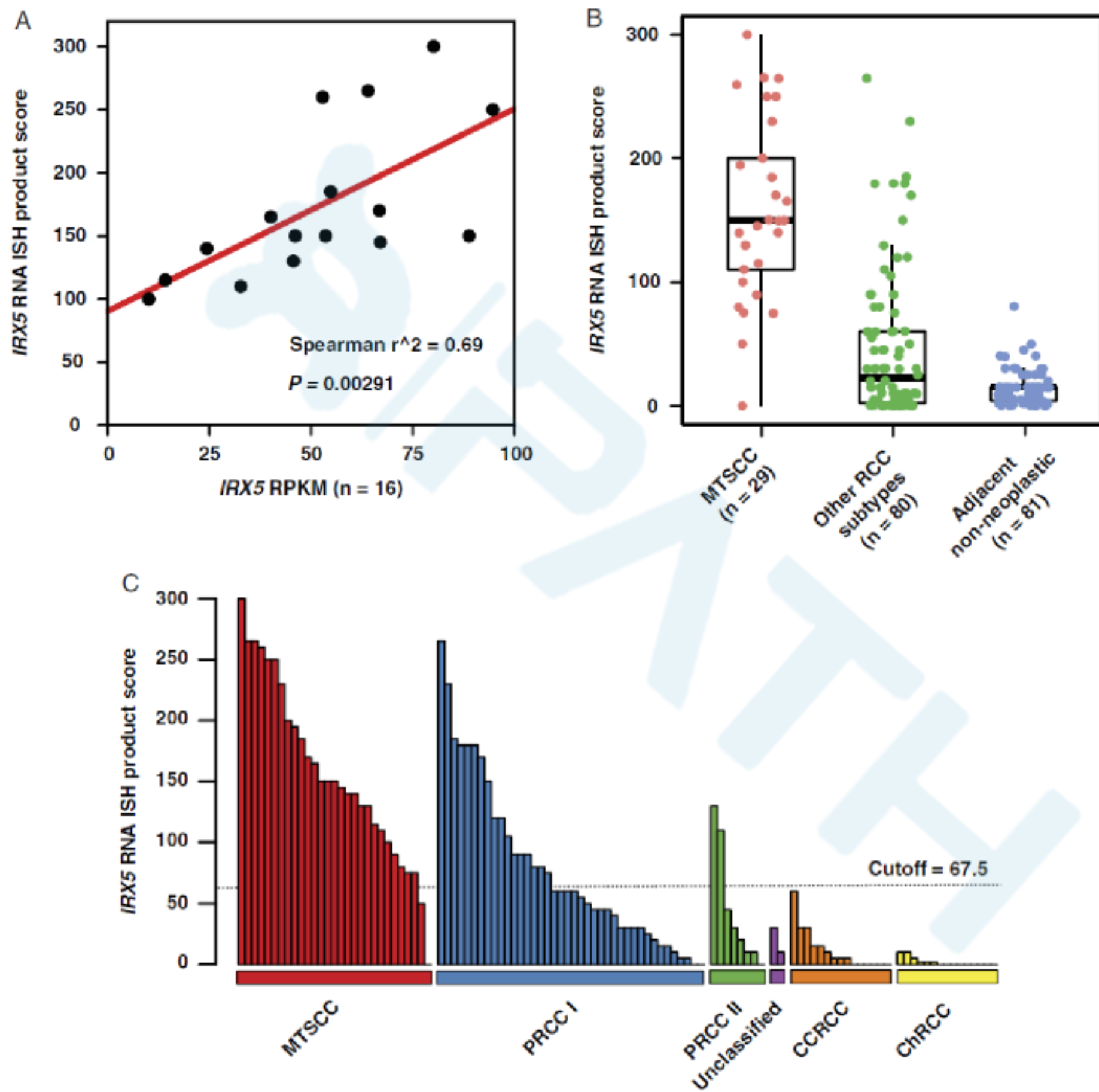
FIGURE 6. IRX5 expression in other RCC subtypes. A, Type 1 PRCC. B, Type 1 PRCC demonstrated **low expression** of IRX5 by RNAISH. C, Type 2 PRCC (H&E). D, Type 2 PRCC demonstrated **low expression** of IRX5 by RNA ISH.



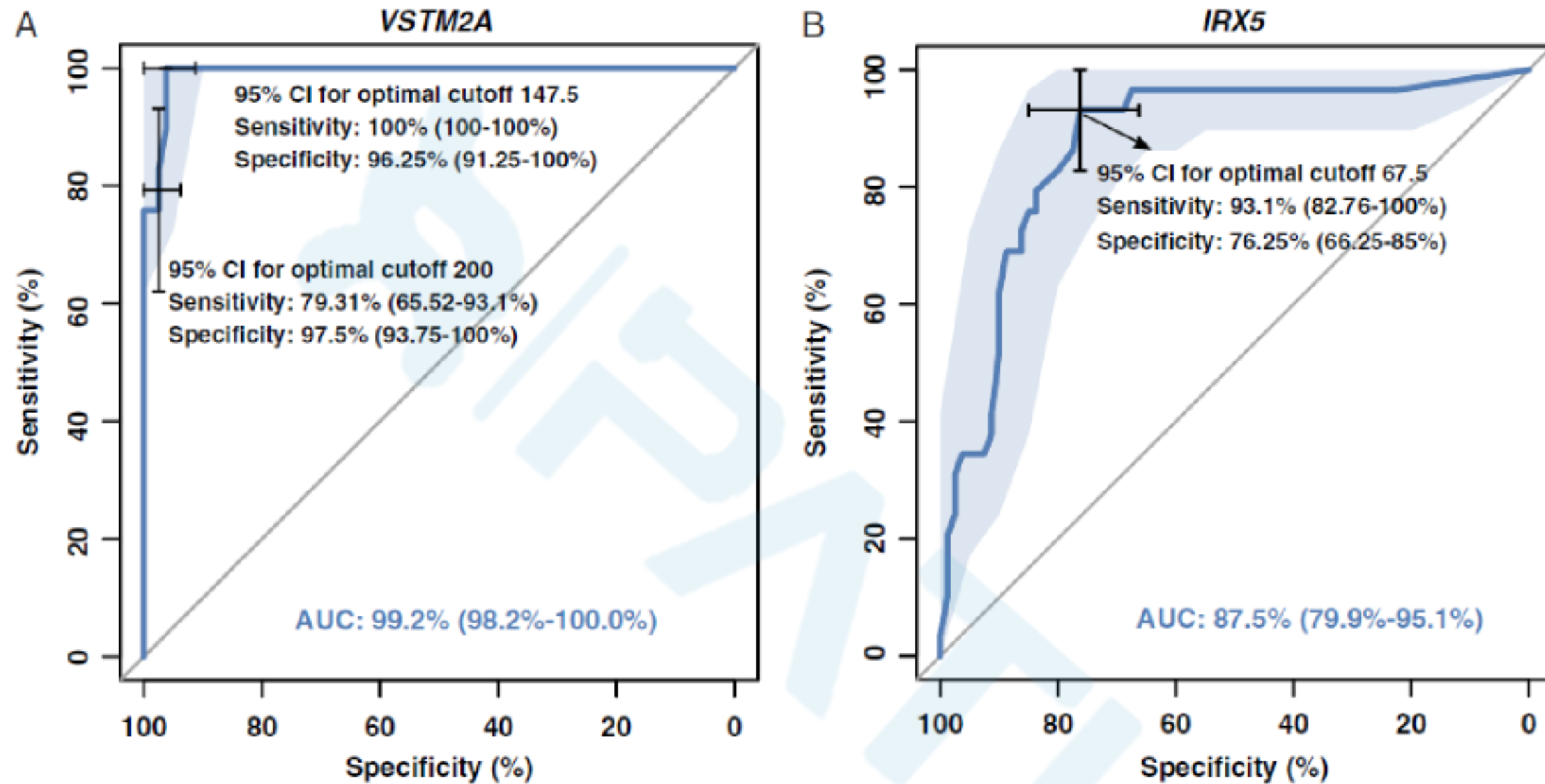


E, CCRCC (H&E). F, CCRCC was **negative** for IRX5 expression by RNA ISH. G, ChRCC (H&E). H, ChRCC was **negative** for IRX5 expression by RNA ISH.









**FIGURE 8.** Diagnostic values of *VSTM2A* (A) and *IRX5* (B) for MTSCC. CI indicates confidence interval.

In summary, *VSTM2A* expression (AUC: 99.2%) demonstrated better diagnostic efficacy than *IRX5* (AUC: 87.5%).

# DISCUSSION



# expression patterns of VSTM2A

- Our analysis of the GTEX data noted highly restricted VSTM2A expression in **human brain samples**
- VSTM2A is nearly absent in **non-neoplastic renal parenchyma** and is specifically and homogeneously expressed only in MTSCC tumor cells.

# cutoff points of VSTM2A

ISH score cutoff	sensitivity	specificity
147.5	100%	96.25%
200	79.31%	97.5%

Hence, our results indicate that for an individual tumor with morphologic features that can be observed in either MTSCC or PRCC, high VSTM2A expression above an ISH score cutoff of **200** will support an interpretation of MTSCC.



# MTSCC higher nuclear grade

- A prior study ---all 6 high-grade MTSCC cases showed monosomy of chromosomes 1, 4, 6, 8, 9, 13, 14, 15, and 22, and absence of trisomy 7 and 17.
- THIS STUDY---moderate expression of VSTM2A in all 4 MTSCC cases with high-grade cytological atypia
- VSTM2A expression ---tumor grade?

# phenotypic classification for MTSCC

- IRX5 was previously identified to be specifically expressed in the loop of Henle in rats
- Taken together, our results suggest that MTSCC displays an overlapping phenotypic expression pattern with the loop of Henle region of normal nephrons.



# RNA ISH

- RNA ISH is a sensitive and specific tool for assessing gene expression in malignancies, is a reliable and cost-effective alternative to RNA-seq for the detection of both VSTM2A and IRX5 markers, and can be easily applied in a laboratory or clinical setting
- –RNA integrity of tissue samples.
  - RNA ISH on core biopsy specimens in this study
  - a semiquantitative scoring method (ISH score) to interrogate VSTM2A expression.

# summary

- our results demonstrate VSTM2A overexpression to be a sensitive and specific marker for MTSCC.
- VSTM2A overexpression by RNA ISH may serve as a diagnostic marker to clinically distinguish MTSCC from PRCC with overlapping histologic features.
- Furthermore, our results suggest that MTSCC displays an overlapping phenotypic expression pattern with the loop of Henle region.