

# Morphologic Overlap Between Inflammatory Myofibroblastic Tumor and IgG4-related Disease

## *Lessons From Next-generation Sequencing*

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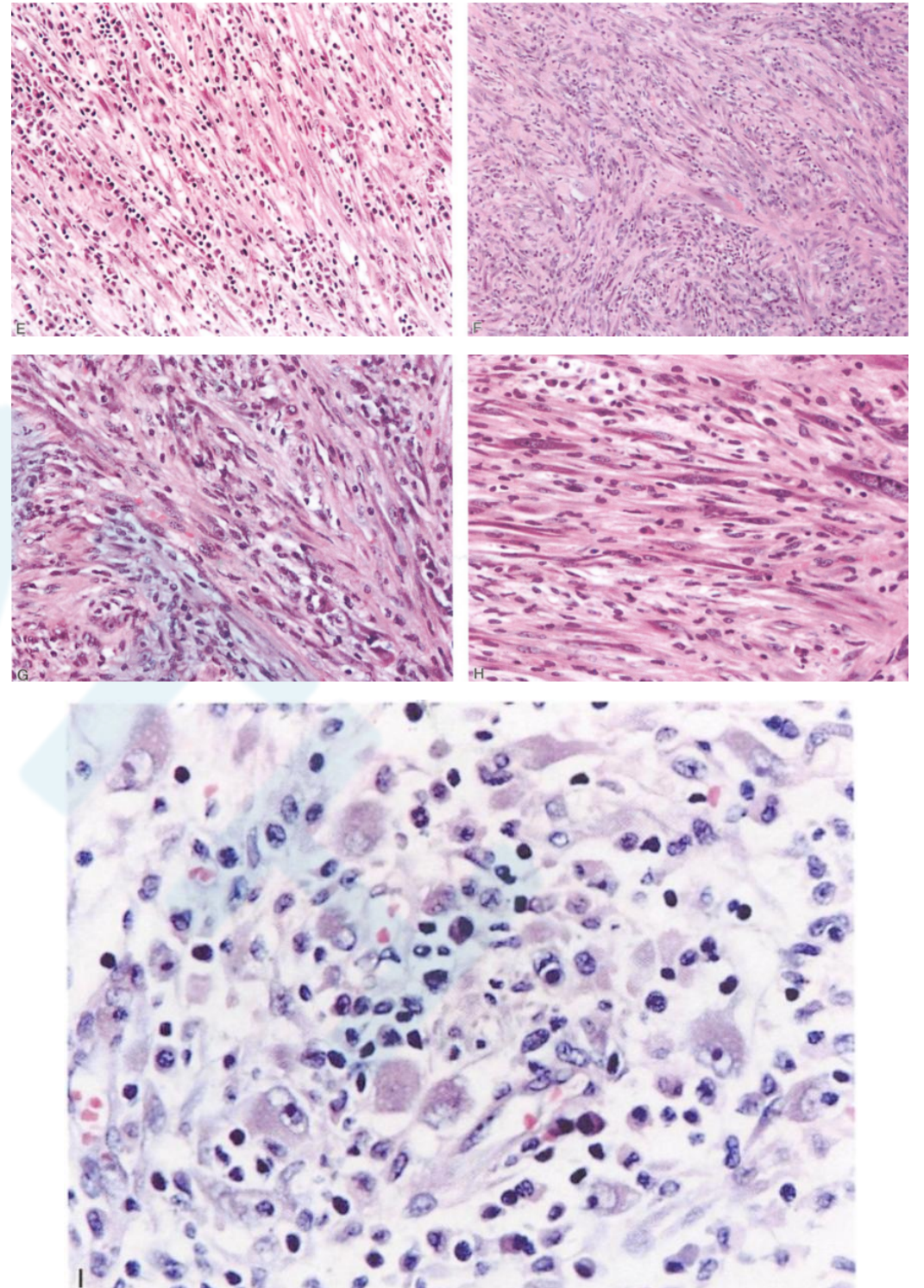
# IMT的临床特征

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- IMT 是一种好发于儿童和青少年的肌纤维母细胞性肿瘤，间质内常伴有慢性炎细胞浸润（淋巴细胞、浆细胞、和/或嗜酸性粒细胞）。
- ICDO 编码：8825/1
- 好发于儿童和青少年，平均年龄10岁
- 多数位于肠系膜、大网膜、腹膜后和盆腔，其次为肺、纵隔、上呼吸道和头颈部，部分病例可位于胃肠道和泌尿生殖道，少数病例位于乳腺、肝脏、肾脏、皮肤、骨和中枢神经系统。
- 临床上起病隐匿，症状与部位相关，可出现肿块、压迫性症状等。
- 影像学：结节状或分叶状肿块，质地不均匀。
- 大体观：结节状或分叶状，直径1-20cm，切面灰白或灰黄色，质韧，可伴有黏液样变性、灶性出血和坏死等，少数可伴有钙化。
- 治疗：局部广泛切除，位于腹腔内者具有局部复发倾向（复发率23-37%），少数病例经多次复发后可转化为肉瘤。

# IMT的组织学特征

- 由增生的**梭形**的纤维母细胞和肌纤维母细胞组成，呈**束状或漩涡状**排列，间质内伴有大量的**炎细胞浸润**，多为成熟的浆细胞、淋巴细胞和嗜酸性粒细胞，少数为中性粒细胞，有时可见生发中心形成。
- 病变除梭形细胞外，还可见**组织细胞样细胞**，部分病例还可见一下**不规则形、多边形或奇异形细胞**，核内可见嗜伊红性或嗜碱性包涵体，类似节细胞或R-S细胞。





# IMT的组织学特征

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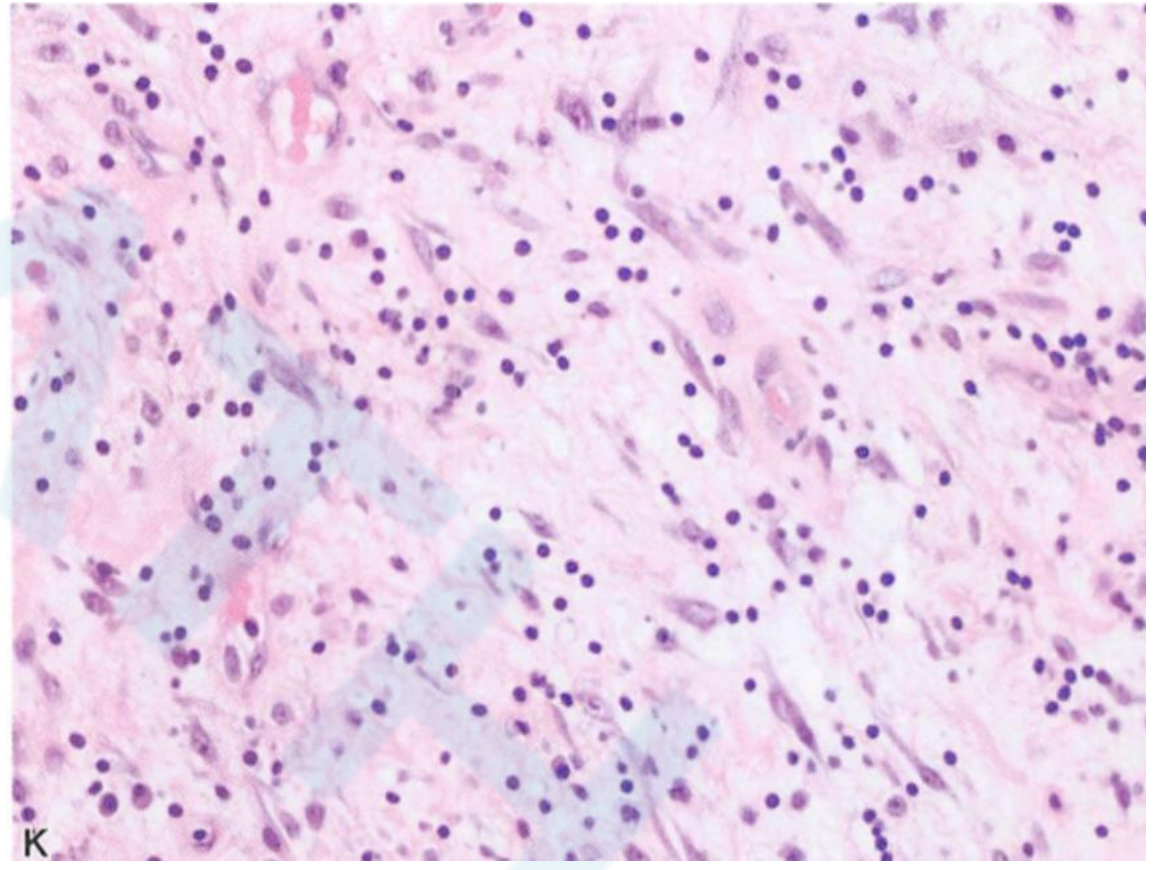
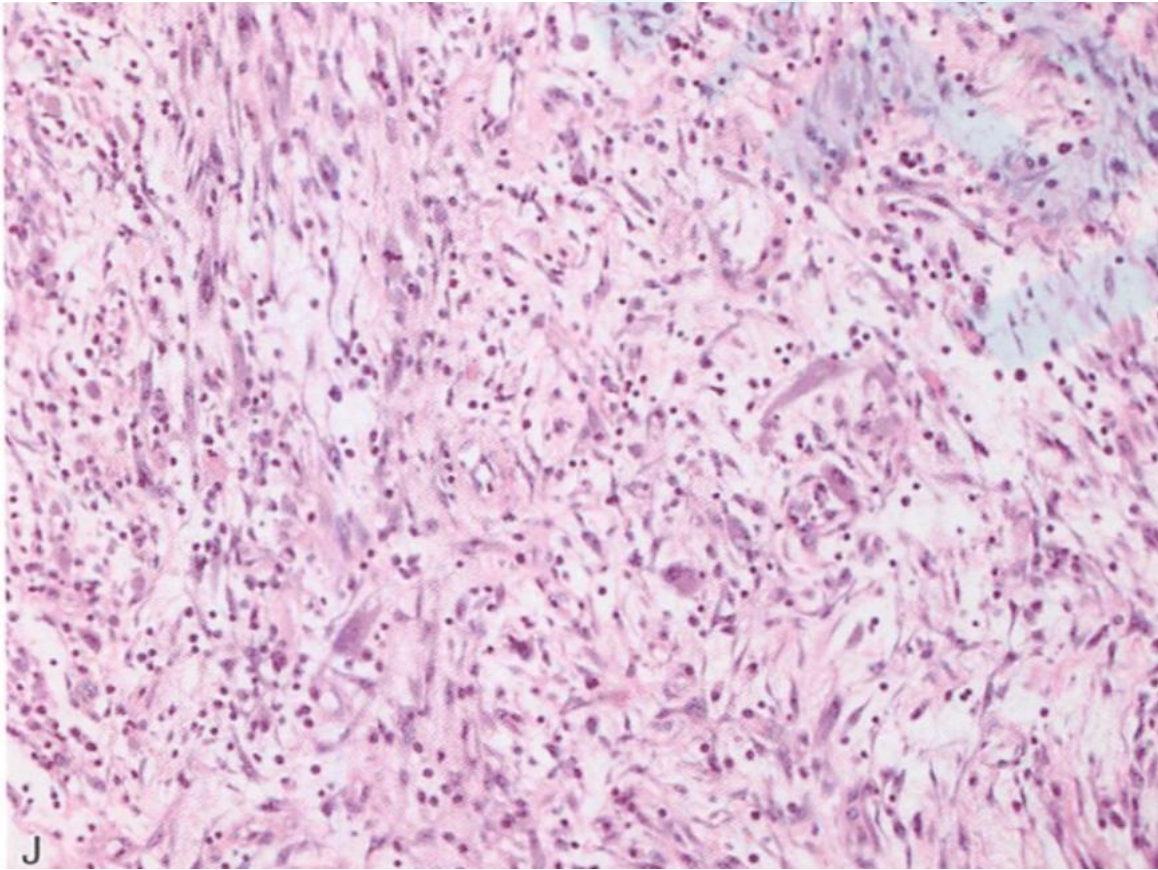
- 结节性筋膜炎样型
- 纤维组织细胞瘤样型
- 纤维瘤病样型
- 上皮样亚型



# IMT的组织学特征

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- 结节性筋膜炎样型——肿瘤间质呈疏松的黏液样或水肿样

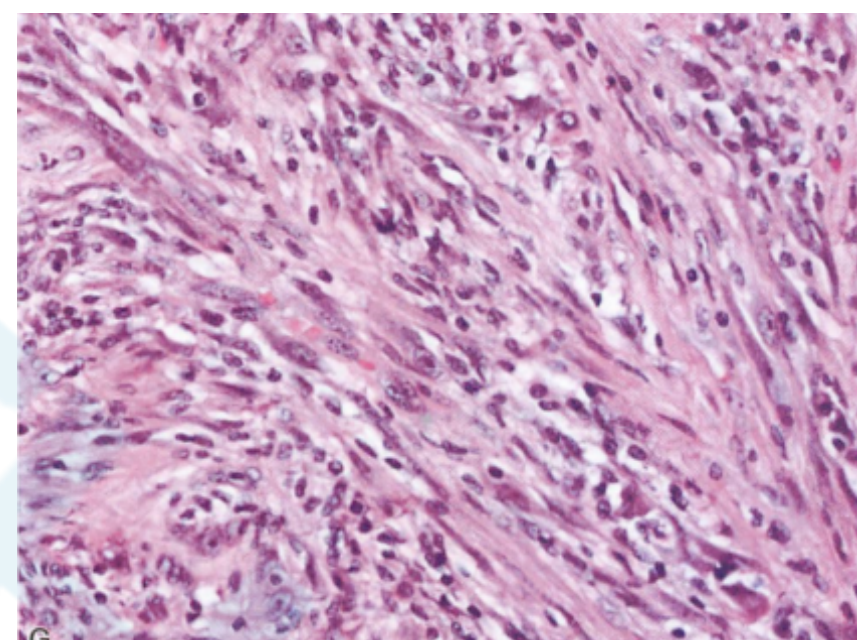
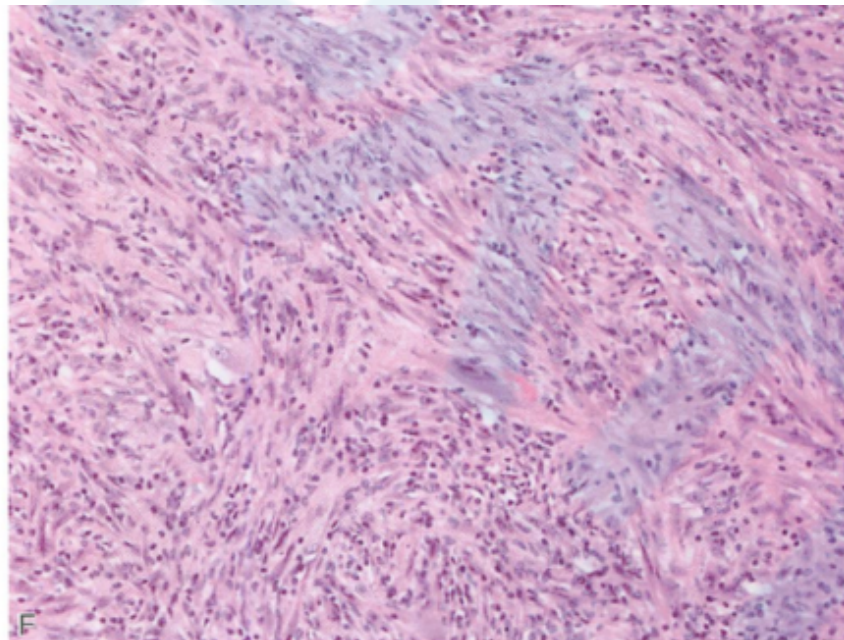
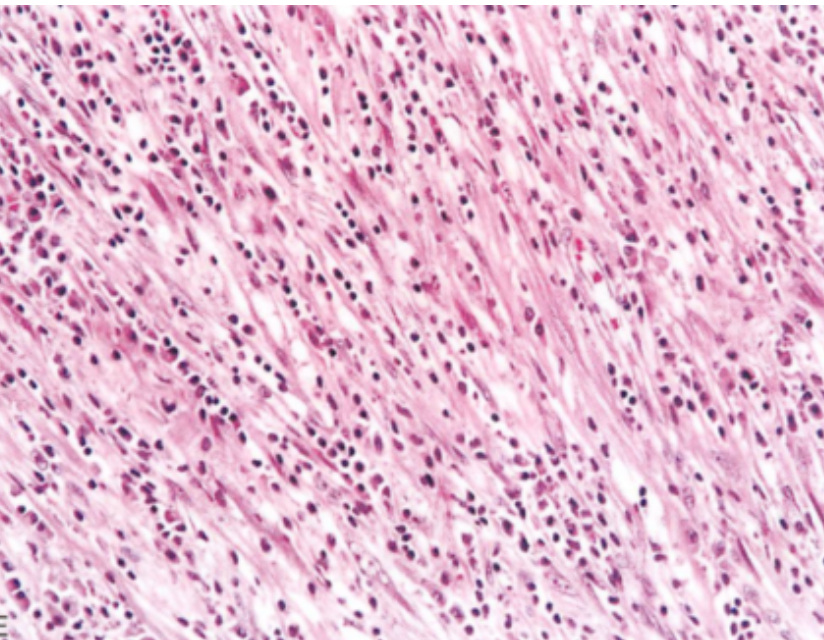




# IMT的组织学特征

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- **纤维组织细胞瘤样型**——梭形细胞密集，呈束状排列，可见组织细胞样细胞及炎细胞浸润，似纤维组织细胞瘤或平滑肌肿瘤。

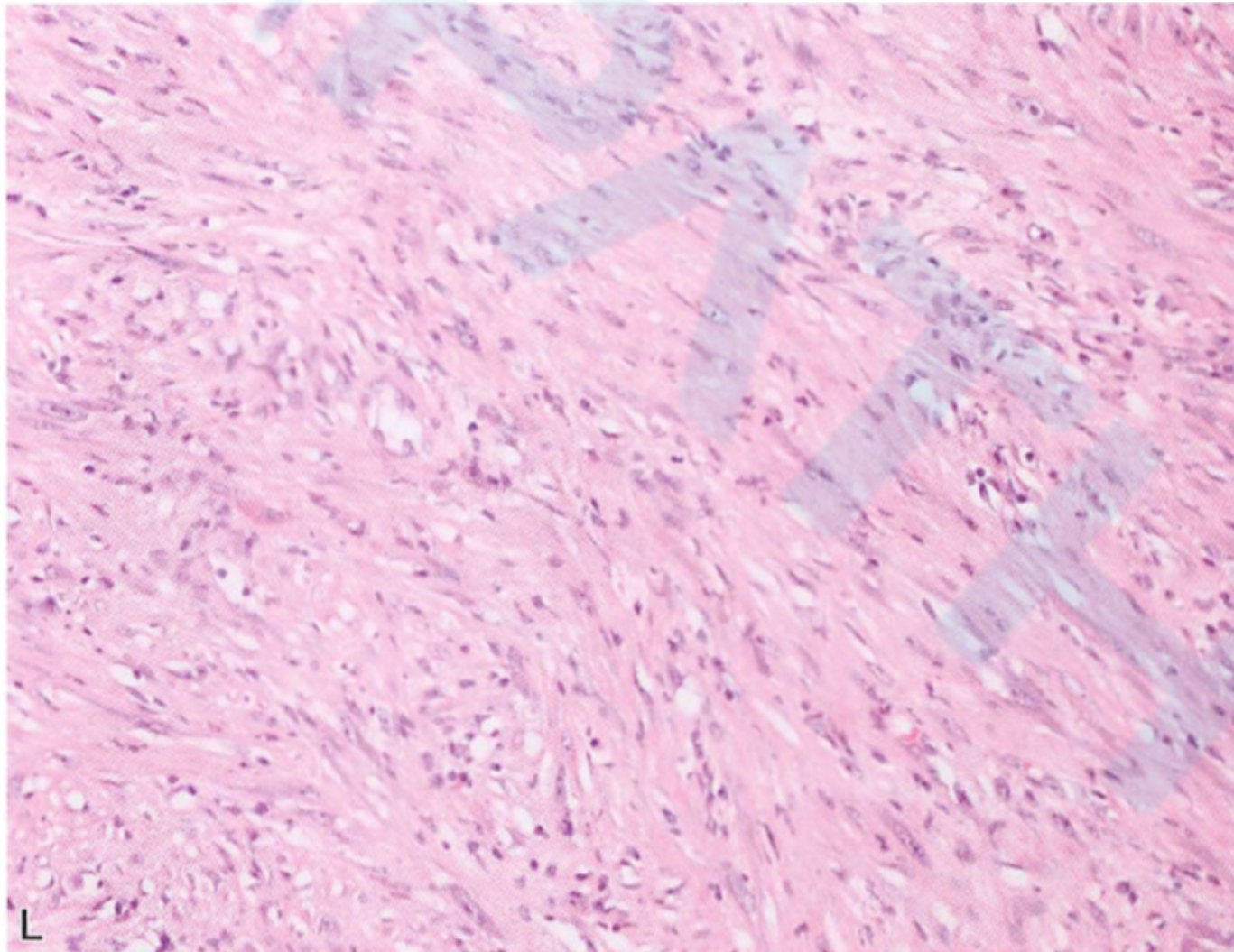




# IMT的组织学特征

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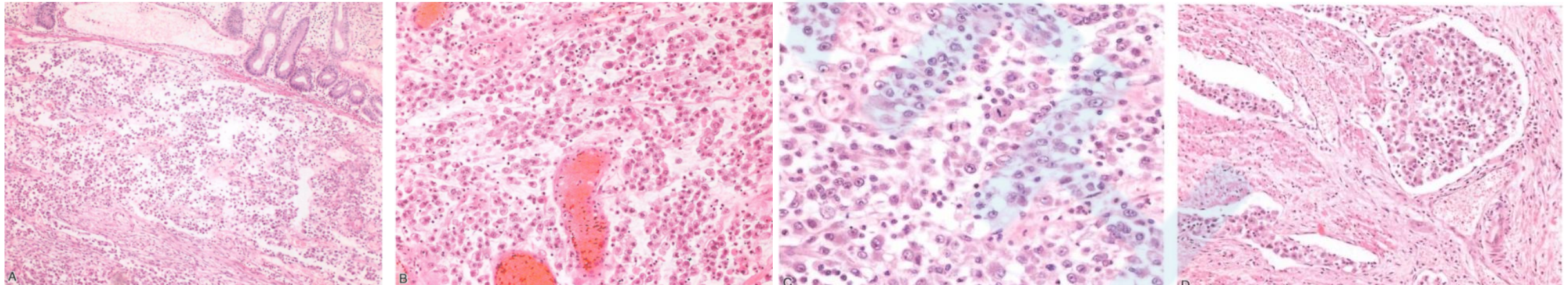
- **纤维瘤病样型**——瘤细胞稀疏，细胞之间伴有不同程度的胶原化，明显时可呈瘢痕疙瘩样，偶见钙化、砂砾体或骨化，类似纤维瘤病。





# IMT的组织学特征

- 上皮样亚型
- 主要发生于成年人，好发于腹腔、肠系膜和大网膜
- 镜下主要由大圆形细胞组成，核染色质呈空泡状，可见明显的核仁，核分裂象易见，间质疏松，常见中性粒细胞浸润。部分病例可见梭形细胞成分。
- 此型进展快，预后不佳，被称为上皮样炎性肌纤维母细胞肉瘤 EIMS。
- *RANBP2-ALK* 基因重排，少数显示有 *RRBP1-ALK* 基因重排。





# IMT的免疫组化特点

- 所有病例均弥漫强表达 Vim，多数表达 $\alpha$ -SMA、MSA或desmin

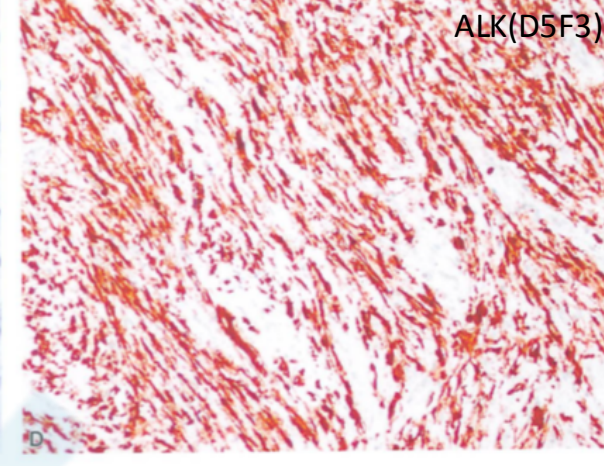
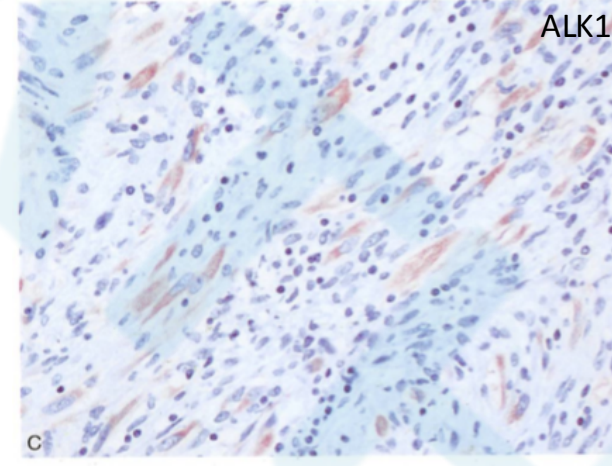
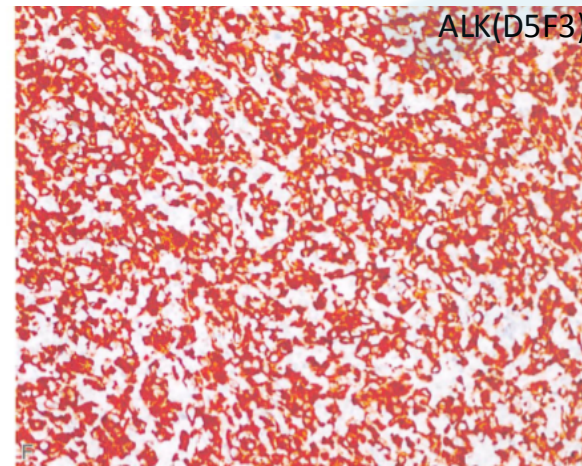
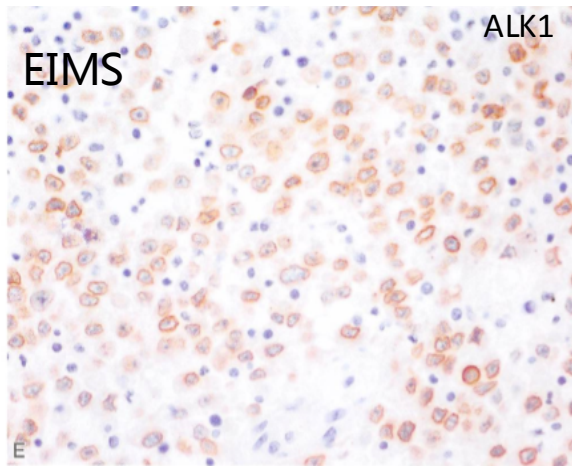
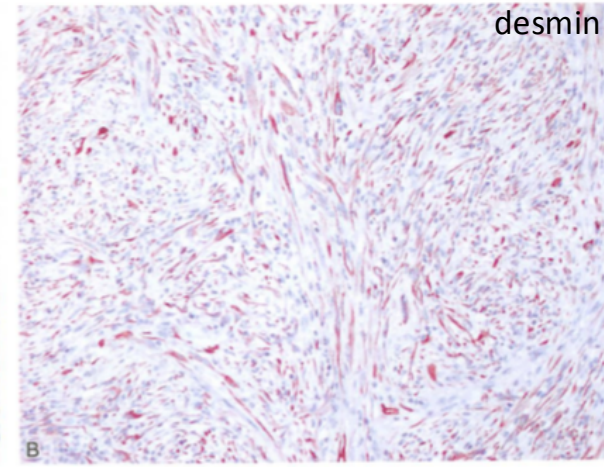
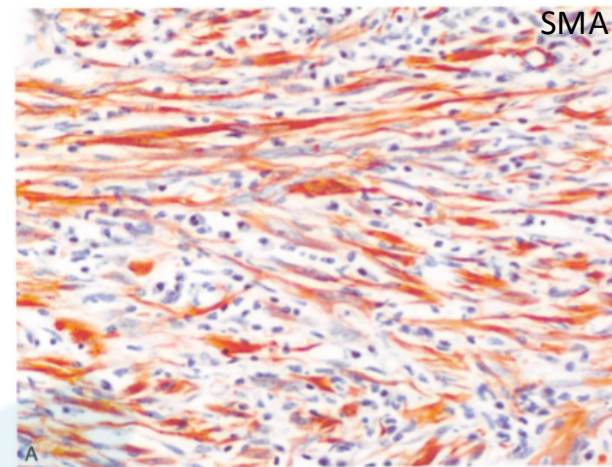
- 约50%表达ALK

ALK1 标记主要表现为胞质轻至中等程度染色

ALK ( D5F3 ) 标记则呈弥漫性强阳性

不同的ALK易位所对应的ALK标记定位也有所不同

( EIMS常呈特征性的核膜或核旁染色)



- ALK重排阴性ROS1重排阳性的病例可表达ROS1



# IMT的免疫组化特点

表 6-2 炎性肌纤维母细胞性肿瘤中  
ALK 易位和 ALK 标记定位

| 与 ALK 融合<br>的基因 | 染色体定位    | ALK 标记<br>定位 |
|-----------------|----------|--------------|
| TPM3            | 1q22-23  | 胞质           |
| TPM4            | 19p13. 1 | 胞质           |
| CARS            | 11p15    | 胞质           |
| ATIC            | 2q35     | 胞质           |
| SEC31L1         | 4q21     | 胞质           |
| RANBP2          | 2q13     | 核膜           |
| CLTC            | 17q23    | 胞质,颗粒状       |

# IMT的遗传学特征

表 6-3 炎症肌纤维母细胞性肿瘤中的融合性基因

| 染色体易位            | 融合基因               | 肿瘤部位                |
|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| t(1;2)(q21;p23)  | TPM3-ALK           | 腹腔,肺                |
| t(2;19)(p23;p13) | TPM4-ALK           | 腹腔                  |
| t(2;17)(p23;q11) | CLTC-ALK           | 颈部                  |
| t(2;11)(p23;p15) | CARS-ALK           | 鼻旁窦,盆腔              |
| t(2;2)(p23;q35)  | ATIC-ALK           | 膀胱                  |
|                  | EML4-ALK           | 肺                   |
| t(2;2)(p23;q12)  | RANBP2-ALK         | 肠系膜,腹腔,<br>多见于 EIMS |
| t(2;4)(p23;q21)  | SEC31L1-ALK        | 腹腔                  |
| t(12;15)         | ETV6-NTRK3         | 肺                   |
|                  | ROS1-PDGFR $\beta$ | 肺                   |

少数无ALK重排的IMT可显示ROS1-PDGFR  $\beta$  融合基因和ETV6-NTRK3融合基因，少数情况下涉及RET基因重排。



# IMT的鉴别诊断

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- 伴有大量炎症细胞的多形性未分化肉瘤
- 胃肠道炎性纤维性息肉
- IgG4 相关性疾病
- 结外滤泡树突状细胞肉瘤
- 平滑肌肉瘤
- 胃肠道间质瘤
- 结节性筋膜炎
- 霍奇金淋巴瘤

# IgG4-相关性疾病

## (IgG4-related disease, IgG4-RD)

- IgG4-RD 是一种近些年认识的一类原因不明的慢性、进行性**自身免疫性疾病**。
- 多见于**中老年**，男性多于女性。
- 受累器官非常广泛，包括泪腺、涎腺、胰腺、胆管、纵隔、中枢神经系统、甲状腺、肺、肝脏、胃肠道、肾、前列腺、腹膜后组织、大动脉、淋巴结、皮肤和乳腺等。
- 临床症状因受累器官不同而各异，可出现**阻塞、压迫症状或器官萎缩**等。
- 实验室检查：最特征性的改变为血清 IgG4 显著升高。
- 影像学：不同受累部位脏器**肿大或压迫**的表现，易误诊为肿瘤。



# IgG4-RD 的形态学特征

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IgG4-RD 属于纤维炎症性疾病，常见如下特征：

- 多器官肿大，也可只累及一种脏器
- 大量淋巴浆细胞浸润，并富有 IgG4 + 的浆细胞
- 车辐状/席纹状纤维化
- 闭塞性静脉炎
- 60%-70% 患者血清 IgG4 浓度升高

# MATERIALS AND METHODS

- 7 IMTs histologically and immunohistochemically resembling IgG4-RD
  - 3 cases were initially diagnosed as IgG4-RD
- To uncover other IMTs that may have been misinterpreted as IgG4-RD, we assembled a cohort of 56 patients diagnosed and treated as IgG4-RD at this institution.
- We also evaluated 6 additional pulmonary IMTs and 7 additional patients with IgG4-related pulmonary disease.



# MATERIALS AND METHODS

- 回顾HE形态，特别是 IgG4-RD 的席纹状纤维化、闭塞性静脉炎
- 计数 IgG4/IgG ( 热点区域的 3 个 HPFs )
- 加做 ALK、ROS1 免疫组化
- 部分病例做 IgG4、IgG 原位杂交
- FISH 检测 ALK、ROS1
- NGS测序

# RESULTS

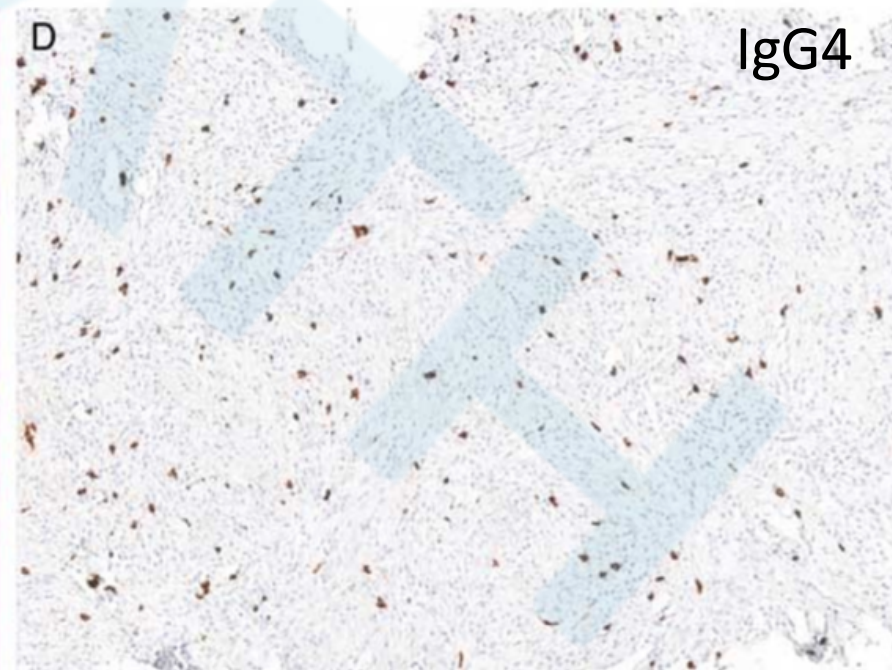
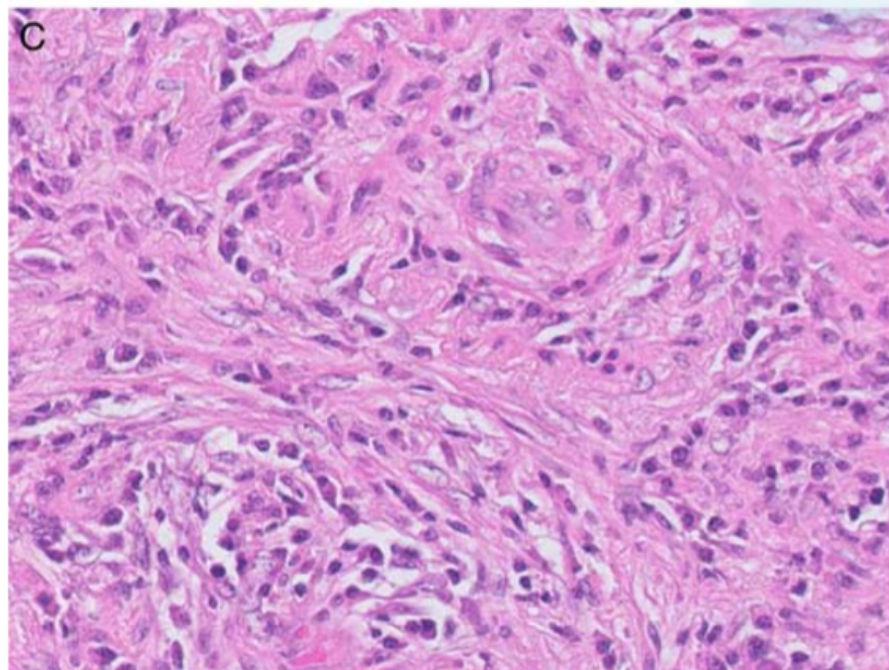
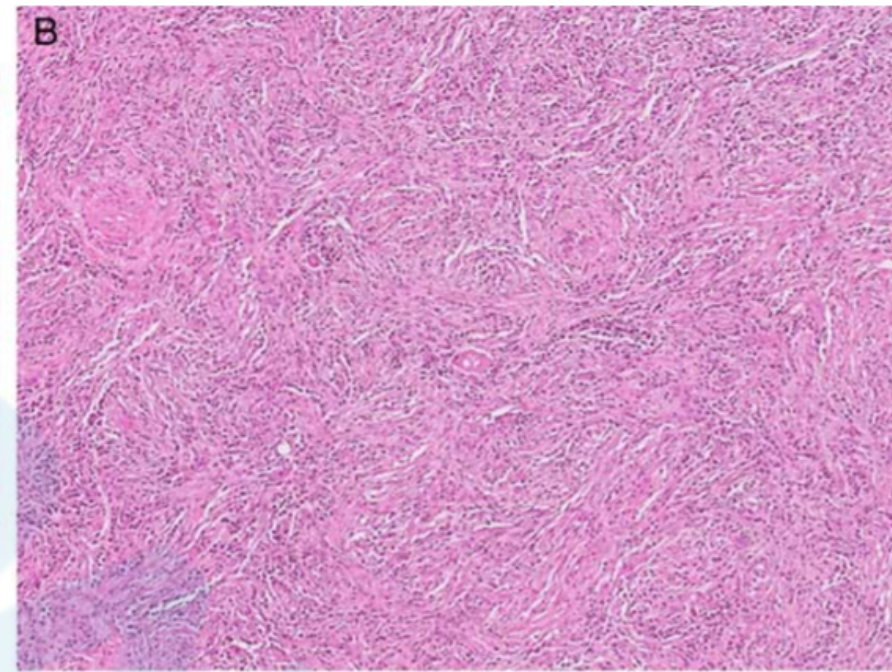
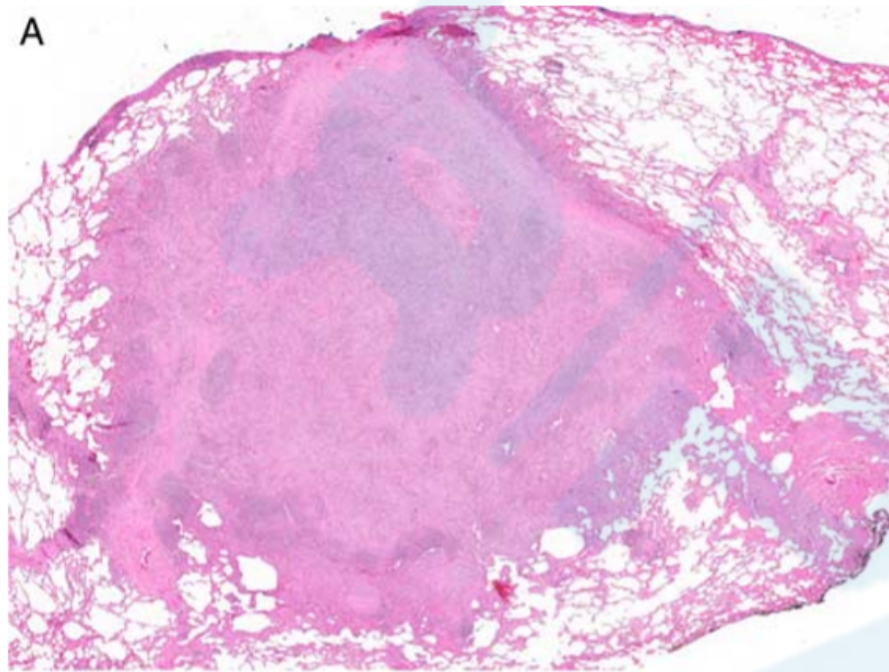
**TABLE 1.** Clinical, Histologic, and Molecular Feature of Inflammatory Myofibroblastic Tumors Mimicking IgG4-RD

| Case | Age (y) | Sex | Tumor Size (cm) | Location | Histology                                                           | IgG4 Counts | IgG4/IgG (%) | IHC for ALK/ROS1                  | FISH/ Translocation Assay                                                                                      | Follow-up  |
|------|---------|-----|-----------------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 1    | 49      | F   | 1.5             | Lung     | Storiform fibrosis, obliterative phlebitis, dense LP infiltrate     | 52          | 42           | Negative                          | 所有病例均显示席纹状纤维化、致密的淋巴浆细胞浸润，Case 1、2、6 出现闭塞性静脉炎，原先诊断为 IgG4-RD<br>所有病例 IgG4/IgG 均大于40%<br>4例 ALK 阳性<br>7例均 ROS1 阴性 |            |
| 2    | 27      | F   | 9.3             | Lung     | 平均年龄38 y (10-75 y)<br>男/女: 1:1.33                                   |             |              |                                   |                                                                                                                |            |
| 3    | 33      | M   | 2.9             | Trachea  | 5 例肺，其中 2 例支气管<br>1 例咽<br>1 例胃                                      |             |              |                                   |                                                                                                                |            |
| 4    | 44      | M   | 2.0             | Trachea  | Case 1、2、6 原先诊断为 IgG4-RD                                            |             |              |                                   |                                                                                                                |            |
| 5    | 10      | M   | 2.8             | Pharynx  | Marked fibrosis with subtle storiform fibrosis, dense LP infiltrate | 344         | 85           | ALK positive (C), ROS1 negative   | THBS1-ALK fusion                                                                                               | ANED 38 mo |
| 6    | 75      | F   | 2.5             | Stomach  | Storiform fibrosis, obliterative phlebitis, dense LP infiltrate     | 99          | 45           | ALK positive (N+C), ROS1 negative | FISH for ALK negative; fusion assay negative                                                                   | ANED 15 mo |
| 7    | 27      | F   | 3.6             | Lung     | Dense LP, storiform fibrosis                                        | 86          | 45           | ALK positive (C), ROS1 negative   | DCTN1-ALK fusion                                                                                               | ANED 24 mo |

\*Following resection and discontinuing Crizotinib the tumor recurred. The recurrent tumor responded to Crizotinib. Currently the patient has no evidence of tumor. ANED indicates alive no evidence of disease; C, cytoplasmic; F, female; IHC, immunohistochemistry; LP, lymphoplasmacytic; LTFU, lost to follow-up; M, male; N+C, nuclear and cytoplasmic

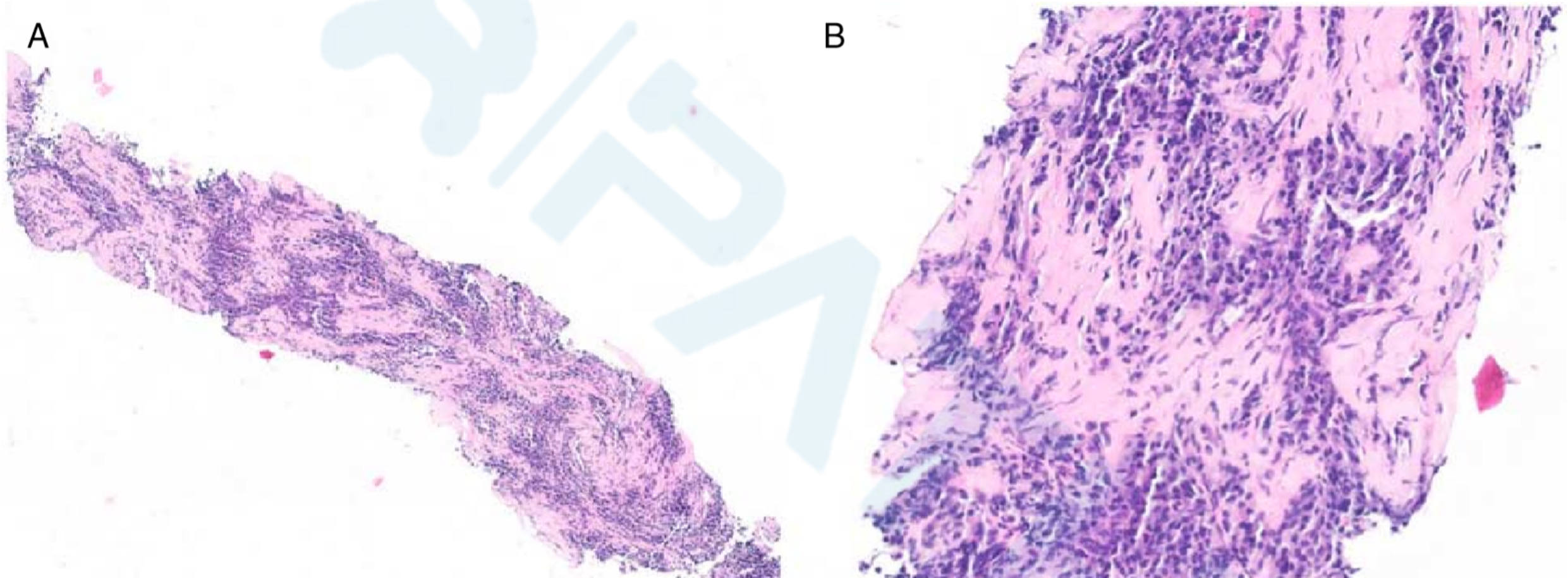


Case 1 IMT with *ETV6-NTRK3* fusion



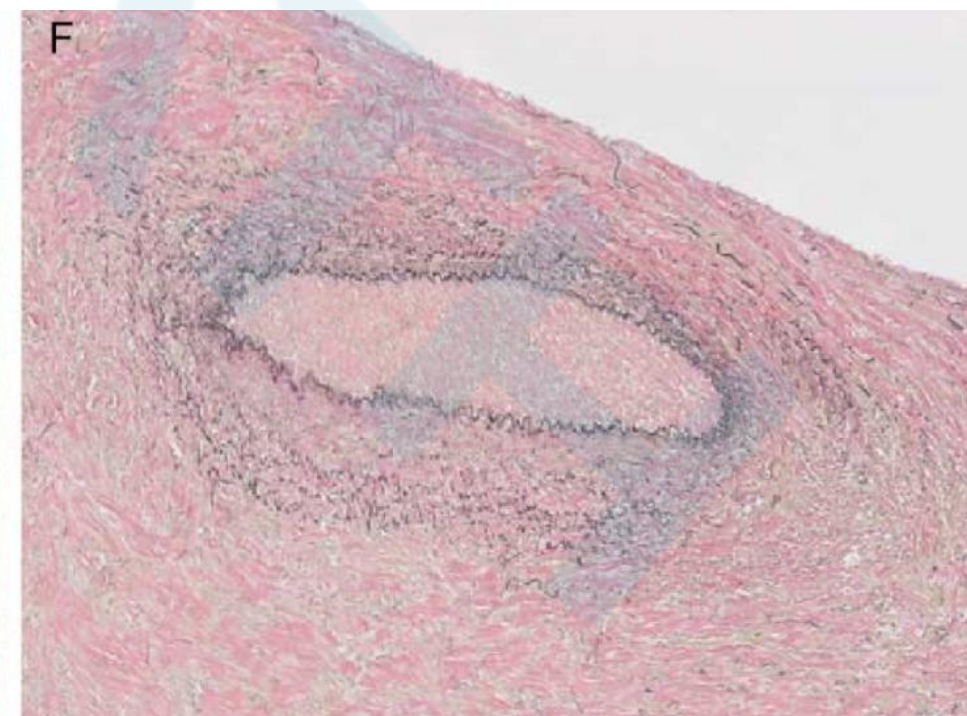
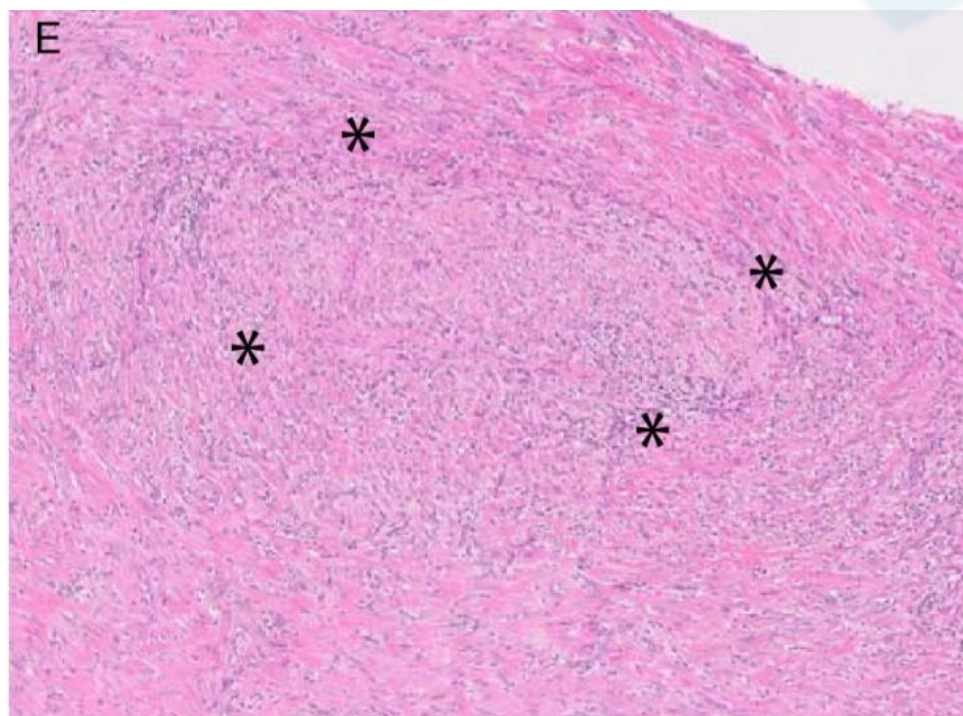
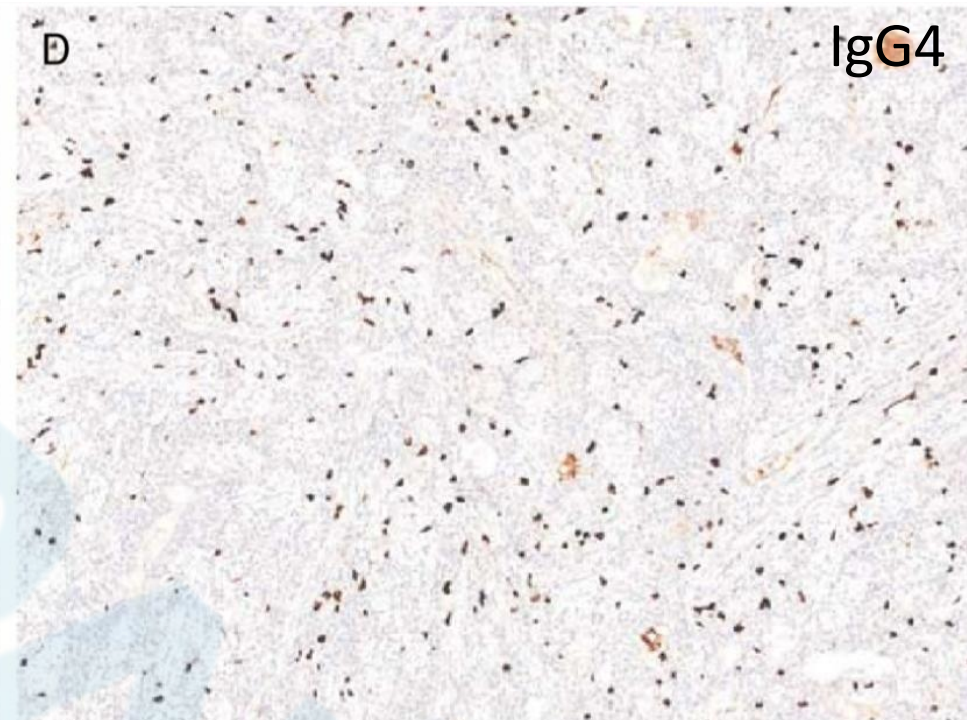
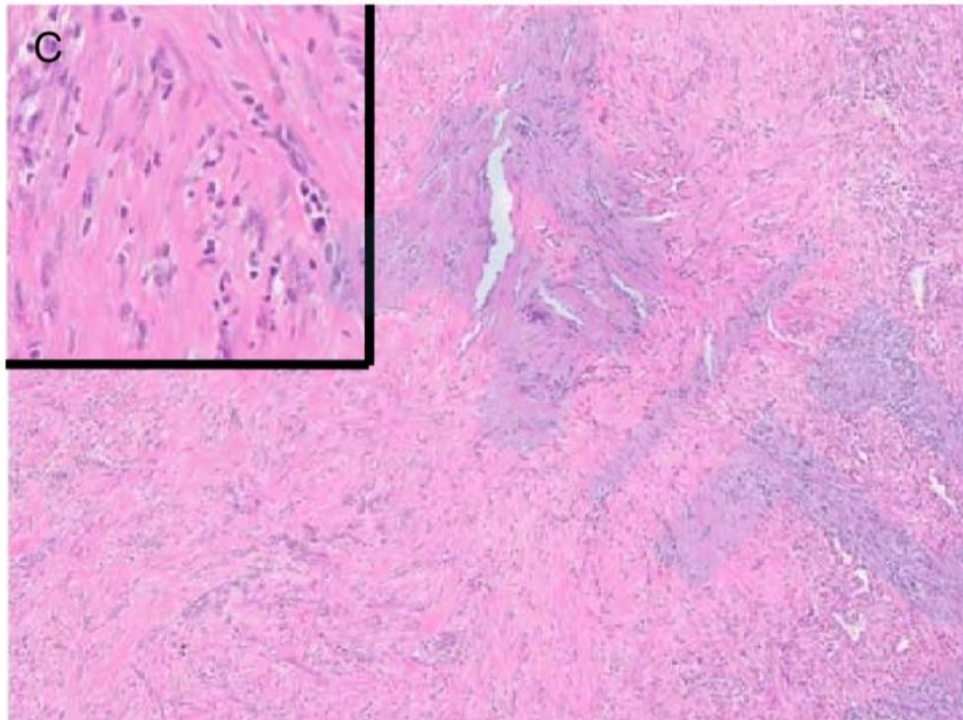


Case 2 IMT with *TFG-ROS1* fusion





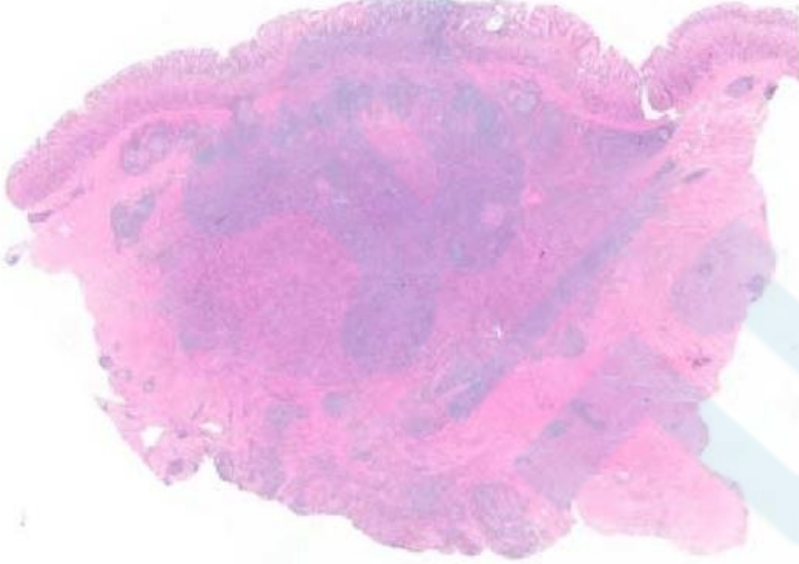
## Case 2 IMT with *TFG-ROS1* fusion



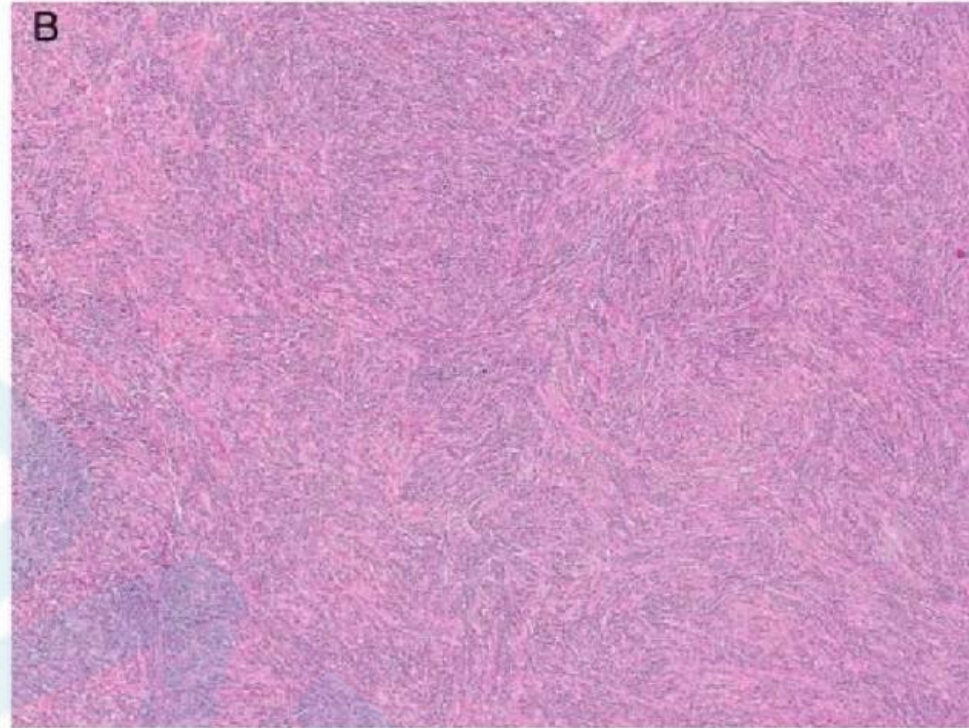


## Case 6 Gastric IMT

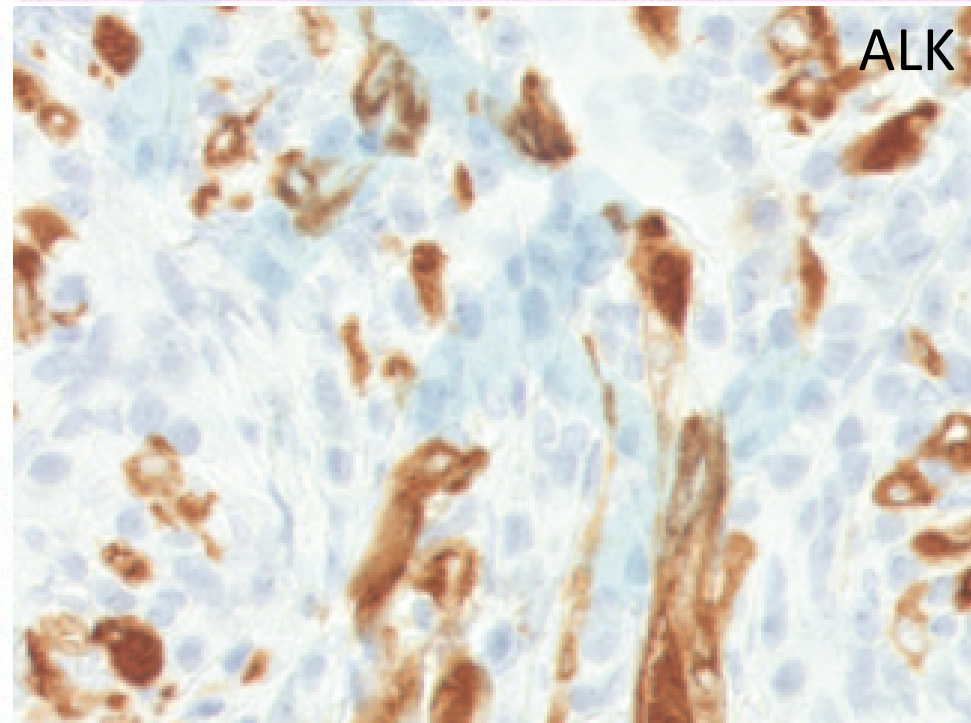
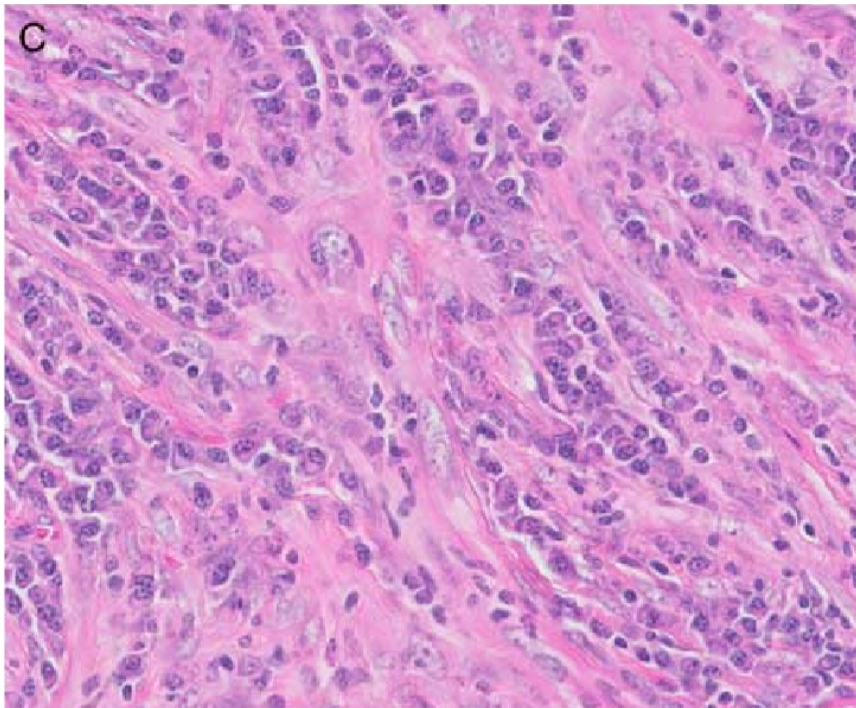
A



B



C





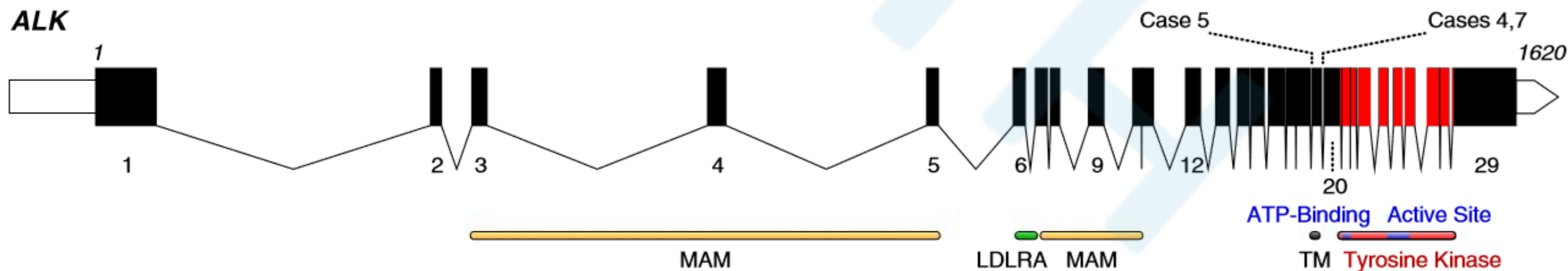
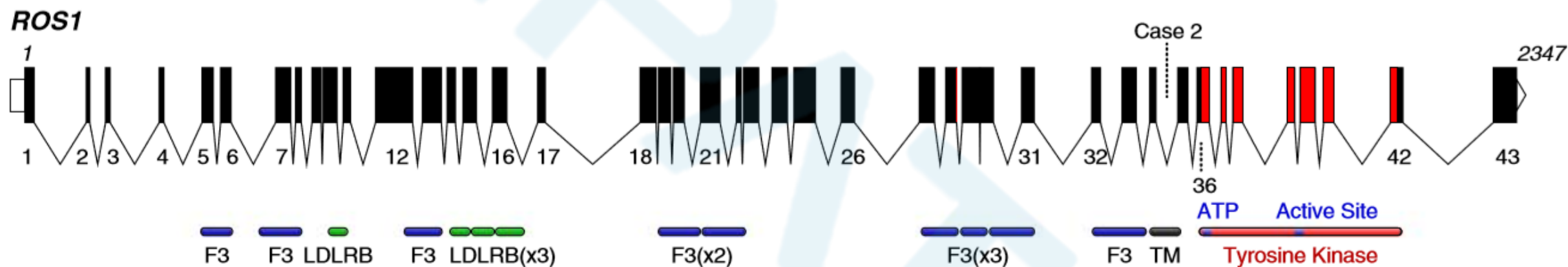
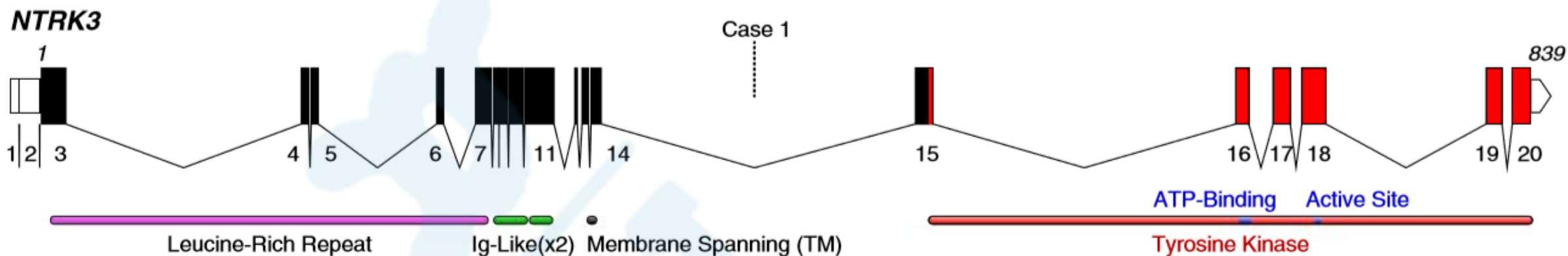
# RESULTS

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| Case | Age (y) | Sex | Tumor Size (cm) | Location | Histology                                                           | IgG4 Counts | IgG4/IgG (%) | IHC for ALK/ROS1                         | FISH/Translocation Assay                                   | Follow-up                                          |
|------|---------|-----|-----------------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| 1    | 49      | F   | 1.5             | Lung     | Storiform fibrosis, obliterative phlebitis, dense LP infiltrate     | 52          | 42           | Negative                                 | <i>ETV6-NTRK</i> fusion, FISH for <i>ALK/ROS1</i> negative | ANED 26 mo                                         |
| 2    | 27      | F   | 9.3             | Lung     | Storiform fibrosis, obliterative phlebitis, dense LP infiltrate     | 63          | 79           | Negative                                 | <i>TFG-ROS1</i> fusion <i>ROS1</i> FISH positive           | Recurrent tumor*                                   |
| 3    | 33      | M   | 2.9             | Trachea  | Subtle storiform fibrosis, dense LP infiltrate                      | 77          | 55           | Negative                                 | FISH for <i>ALK</i> negative; fusion assay negative        | Tumor recurred, LTFU after resection of recurrence |
| 4    | 44      | M   | 2.0             | Trachea  | Subtle storiform fibrosis, dense LP infiltrate                      | 82          | 61           | ALK positive (C), <i>ROS1</i> negative   | <i>TFG-ALK</i> fusion                                      | ANED—LTFU after 12 mo                              |
| 5    | 10      | M   | 2.8             | Pharynx  | Marked fibrosis with subtle storiform fibrosis, dense LP infiltrate | 344         | 85           | ALK positive (C), <i>ROS1</i> negative   | <i>THBS1-ALK</i> fusion                                    | ANED 38 mo                                         |
| 6    | 75      | F   | 2.5             | Stomach  | Storiform fibrosis, obliterative phlebitis, dense LP infiltrate     | 99          | 45           | ALK positive (N+C), <i>ROS1</i> negative | FISH for <i>ALK</i> negative; fusion assay negative        | ANED 15 mo                                         |
| 7    | 27      | F   | 3.6             | Lung     | Dense LP, storiform fibrosis                                        | 86          | 45           | ALK positive (C), <i>ROS1</i> negative   | <i>DCTN1-ALK</i> fusion                                    | ANED 24 mo                                         |

\*Following resection and discontinuing Crizotinib the tumor recurred. The recurrent tumor responded to Crizotinib. Currently the patient has no evidence of tumor. ANED indicates alive no evidence of disease; C, cytoplasmic; F, female; IHC, immunohistochemistry; LP, lymphoplasmacytic; LTFU, lost to follow-up; M, male; N+C, nuclear and cytoplasmic.

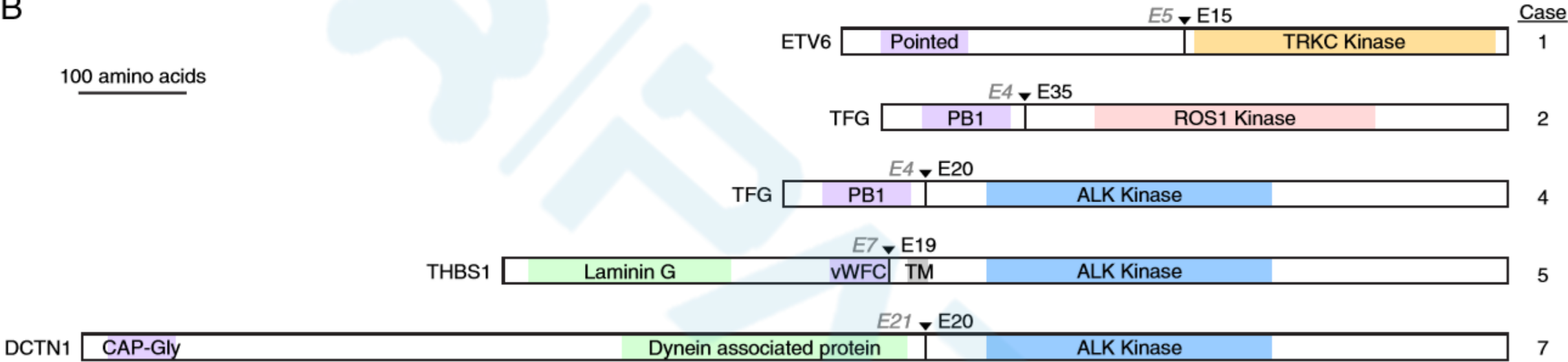
A





B

100 amino acids



Case 5 IMT with *THBS1*-ALK fusion

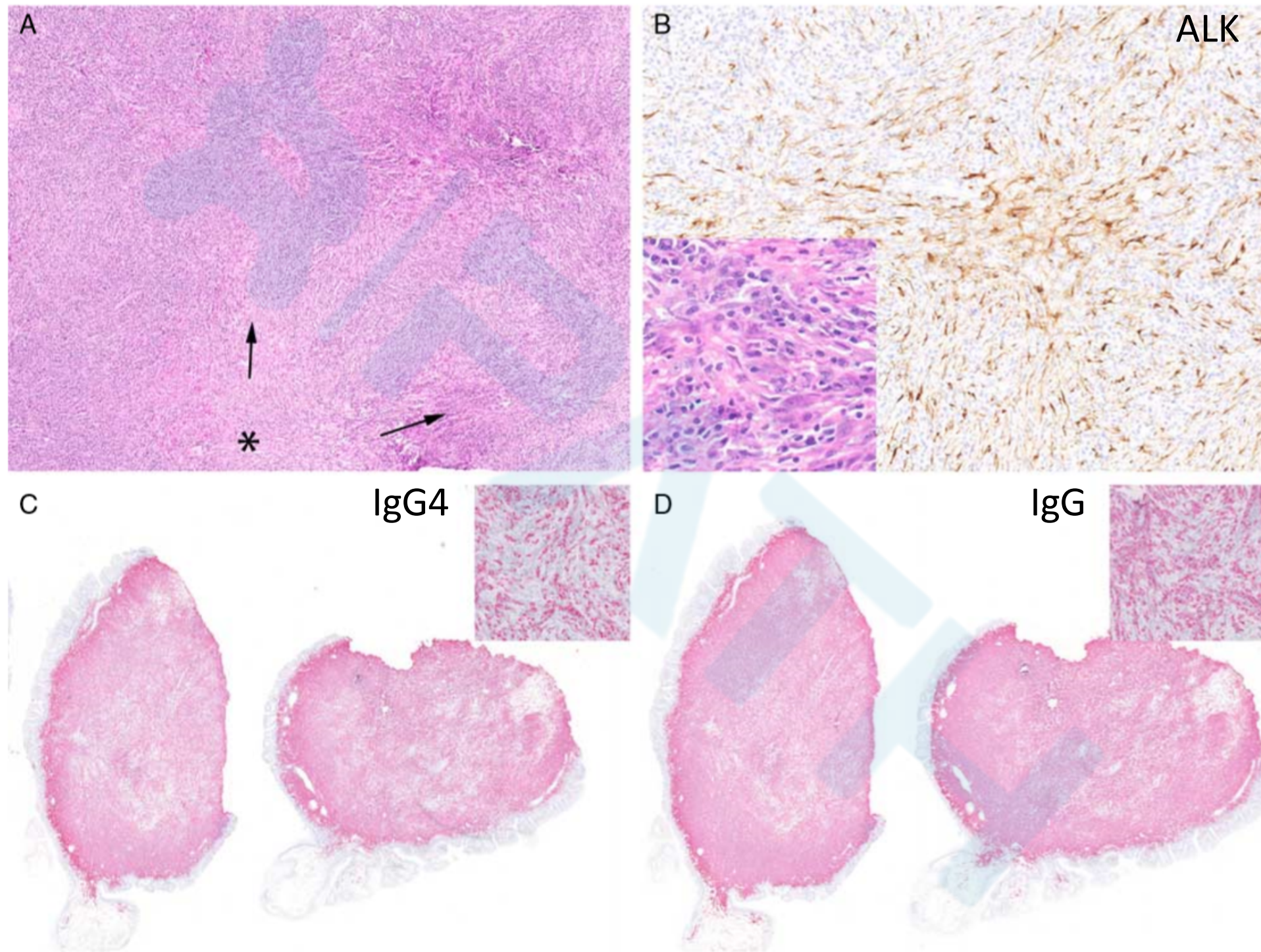


FIGURE 2. The IgG4 to IgG ratio was >90%.



### Case 3 Tracheal IMT

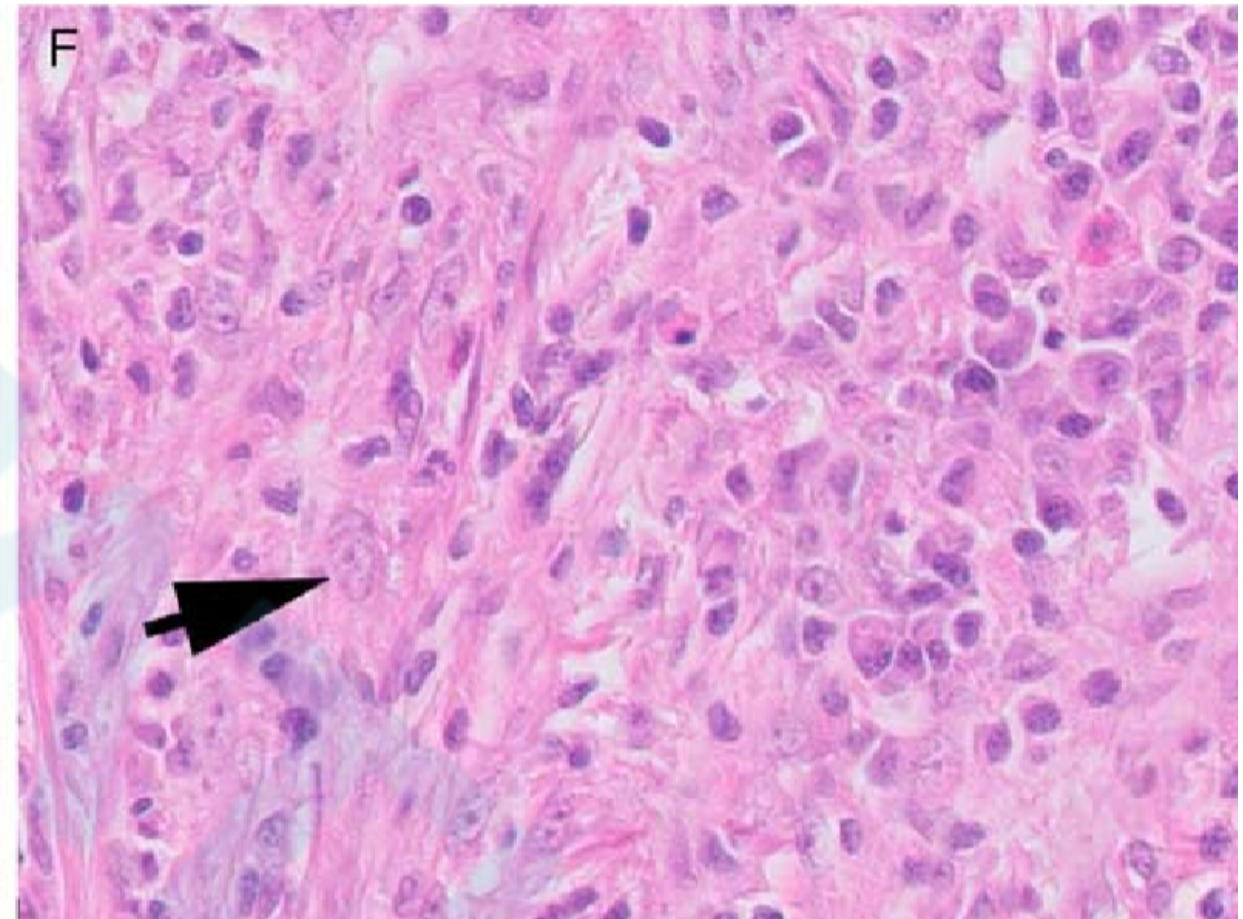
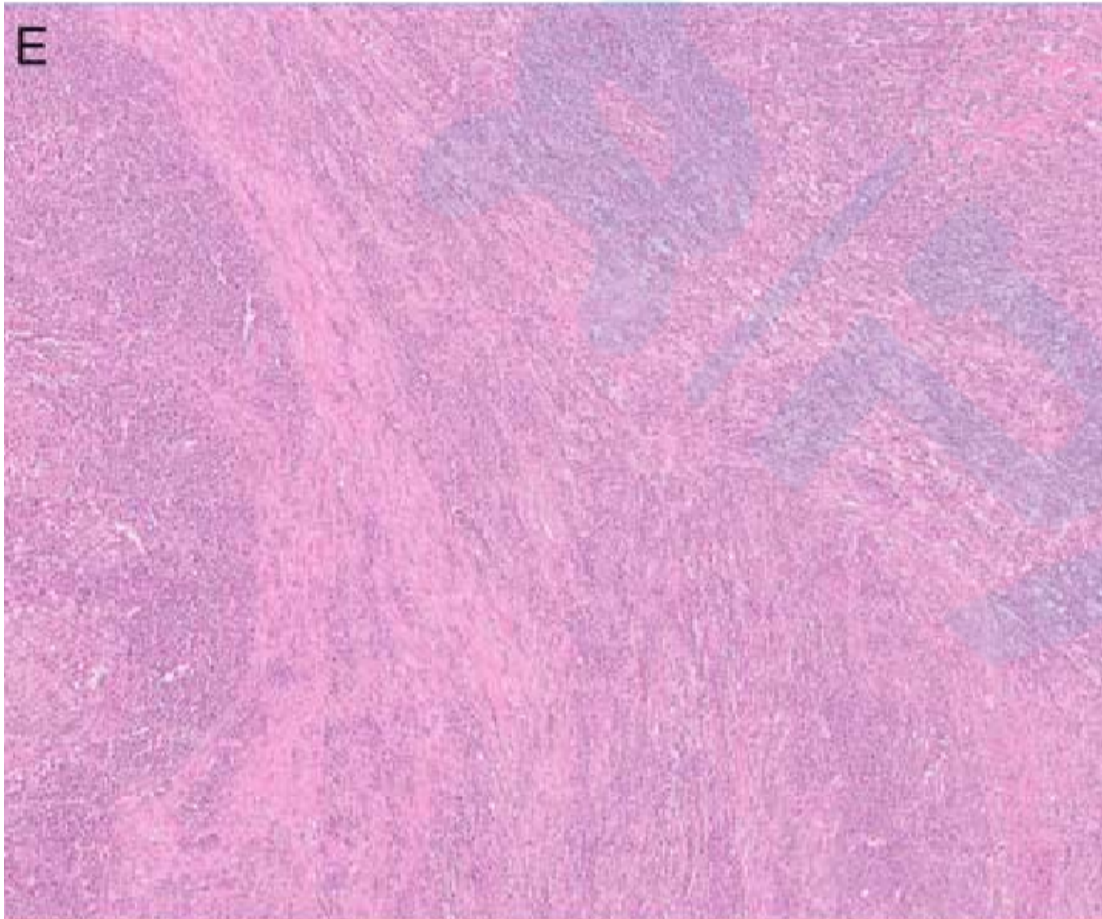


TABLE 2. Histology and Immunohistochemistry Data on Patients With an Established Diagnosis of IgG4-RD

| No. | Site            | Storiform Fibrosis | Obliterative Phlebitis | IgG4 | IgG | IgG4/IgG |
|-----|-----------------|--------------------|------------------------|------|-----|----------|
| 1   | Breast          | Yes                | Yes                    | 47   | 187 | 25       |
| 2   | Lung            | Yes                | Yes                    | 121  | 458 | 27       |
| 3   | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 121  | 140 | 87       |
| 4   | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 93   | 210 | 44       |
| 5   | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 37   | 50  | 75       |
| 6   | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 187  | 294 | 63       |
| 7   | Ampulla         | Yes                | Yes                    | 160  | 336 | 48       |
| 8   | Appendix        | Yes                | Yes                    | 61   | 173 | 35       |
| 9   | Lymph node      | No                 | No                     | 383  | 850 | 45       |
| 10  | Gallbladder     | Yes                | No                     | 51   | 60  | 86       |
| 11  | Arytenoid       | Yes                | No                     | 84   | 336 | 25       |
| 12  | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 154  | 262 | 59       |
| 13  | Lymph node      | No                 | No                     | 138  | 190 | 73       |
| 14  | Gallbladder     | Yes                | Yes                    | 32   | 55  | 58       |
| 15  | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 187  | 196 | 95       |
| 16  | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 126  | 175 | 72       |
| 17  | Trachea         | Yes                | Yes                    | 47   | 112 | 42       |
| 18  | Lung            | Yes                | Yes                    | 200  | 220 | 91       |
| 19  | Salivary gland  | Yes                | Yes                    | 112  | 178 | 63       |
| 20  | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 290  | 304 | 95       |
| 21  | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 257  | 336 | 76       |
| 22  | Lymph node      | No                 | No                     | 147  | 200 | 74       |
| 23  | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 136  | 290 | 47       |
| 24  | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 220  | 458 | 48       |
| 25  | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 154  | 187 | 83       |
| 26  | Retroperitoneum | Yes                | Yes                    | 112  | 234 | 48       |
| 27  | Salivary gland  | Yes                | Yes                    | 70   | 173 | 41       |
| 28  | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 364  | 369 | 99       |
| 29  | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 28   | 37  | 75       |
| 30  | Pancreas        | Yes                | No                     | 35   | 74  | 47       |
| 31  | Pancreas        | Yes                | No                     | 178  | 238 | 75       |
| 32  | Lymph node      | No                 | No                     | 176  | 224 | 79       |
| 33  | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 138  | 148 | 93       |
| 34  | Salivary gland  | Yes                | Yes                    | 93   | 215 | 43       |
| 35  | Salivary gland  | Yes                | Yes                    | 290  | 322 | 90       |
| 36  | Lymph node      | No                 | No                     | 134  | 353 | 38       |
| 37  | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 65   | 313 | 21       |
| 38  | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 260  | 270 | 96       |
| 39  | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 134  | 320 | 42       |
| 40  | Bile duct       | Yes                | No                     | 94   | 157 | 60       |
| 41  | Gallbladder     | Yes                | Yes                    | 41   | 75  | 55       |
| 42  | Liver           | Yes                | No                     | 94   | 114 | 82       |
| 43  | Trachea         | Yes                | Yes                    | 145  | 282 | 51       |
| 44  | Salivary gland  | Yes                | Yes                    | 160  | 190 | 84       |
| 45  | Lung            | Yes                | Yes                    | 164  | 210 | 78       |
| 46  | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 41   | 67  | 61       |
| 47  | Pancreas        | Yes                | Yes                    | 110  | 240 | 46       |
| 48  | Retroperitoneum | Yes                | Yes                    | 69   | 200 | 35       |
| 49  | Pleura          | No                 | No                     | 105  | 200 | 53       |
| 50  | Oropharynx      | No                 | No                     | 75   | 210 | 36       |
| 51  | Lung            | Yes                | Yes                    | 200  | 350 | 57       |
| 52  | Salivary gland  | Yes                | Yes                    | 126  | 177 | 71       |
| 53  | Liver           | No                 | No                     | 82   | 150 | 55       |
| 54  | Salivary gland  | Yes                | Yes                    | 110  | 250 | 44       |
| 55  | Lung            | Yes                | Yes                    | 230  | 500 | 46       |
| 56  | Lymph node      | No                 | No                     | 550  | 850 | 65       |

All cases were negative for ALK and ROS1 immunohistochemistry.

平均年龄56 y

男/女： 2.2:1

- 22 例胰腺
- 10 例（肺、气道、胸膜）
- 7 例唾液腺
- 6 例淋巴结
- 3 例胆囊
- 2 例肝脏
- 2 例腹膜后
- 1 例胆管
- 1 例壶腹部
- 1 例阑尾
- 1 例乳腺

47 例(84%)出现席纹状纤维化  
41 例(73%)出现闭塞性静脉炎

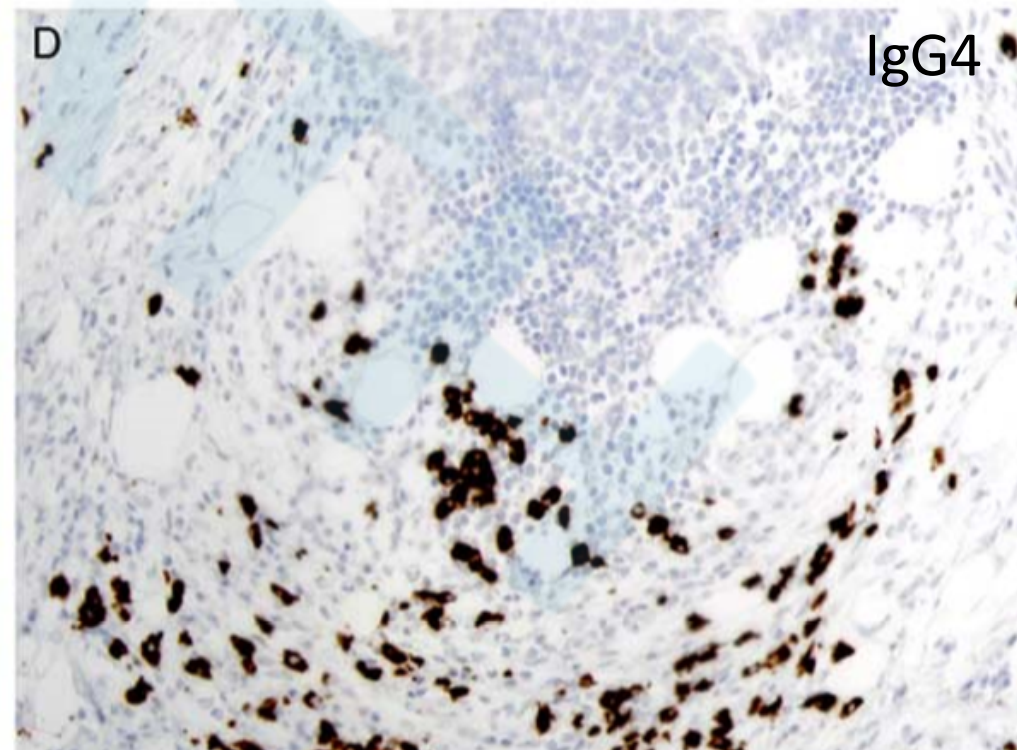
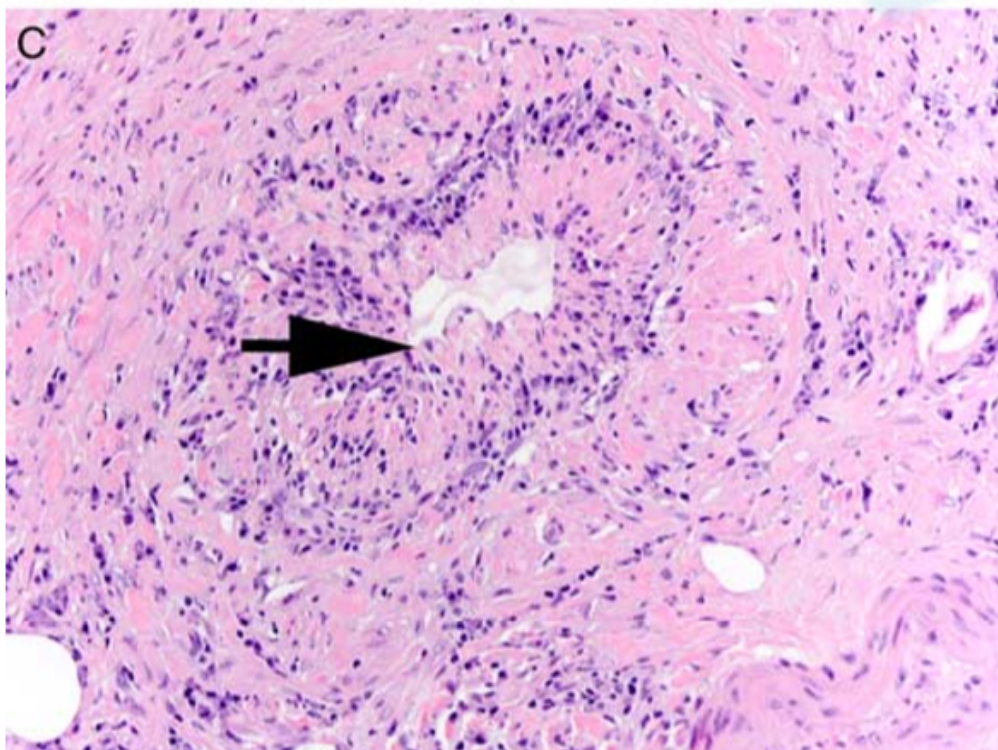
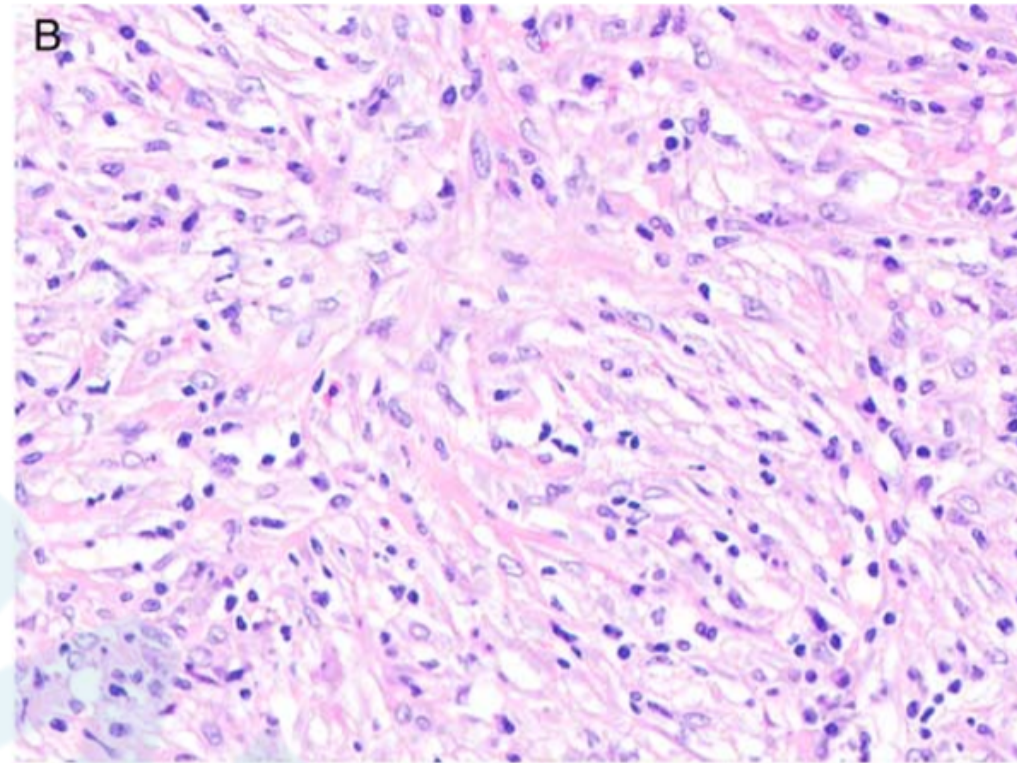
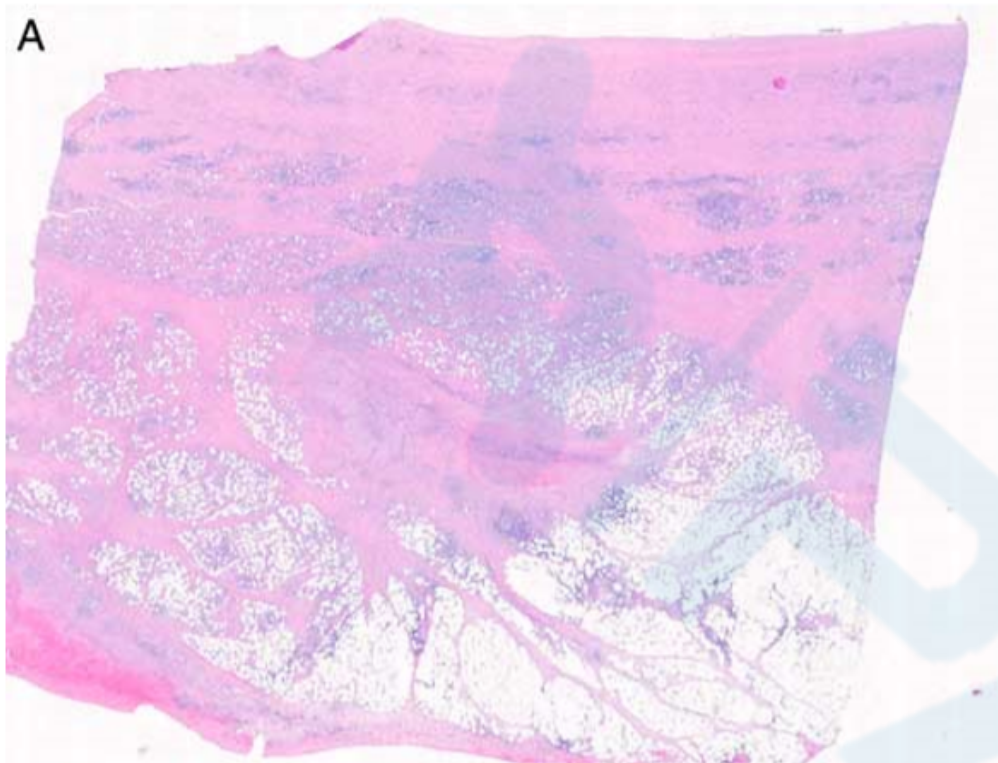
IgG4/IgG 平均60.7% (21-99%)

患者对类固醇及利妥昔单抗  
反应良好。

ALK、ROS1 均阴性



## IgG4-related retroperitoneal fibrosis



作者另外评估了 6 例肺的 IMT 和 7 例 IgG4 相关性肺疾病

- 两者最大的区别：

IgG4-RD 细胞的纤维炎性浸润沿着气道、小叶间隔和伴随的肺静脉播散，而 IMT 没有观察到这一点。

- 共同点：

病灶周围有纤维间隔。



# 讨 论

- 一、IgG4-RD 与 IMT，尤其是高度炎症的 IMT 单靠形态学是很难区分的，特别是穿刺标本中。这种情况下，需要加做 ALK 和 ROS1 的免疫组化，甚至FISH。
- 二、目前几乎一半的成人 IMT 缺乏可检测的基因融合阳性，所以形态学仍然是关键。任何程度的肿瘤细胞异型性，都应进行彻底的检查以排除 IMT。作者认为，当病例融合基因阴性，但形态学又有一定的异型性，更支持 IMT 的诊断。
- 三、虽然 ALK 组化是检测 ALK 重排的IMT 强有力的指标，但 ROS1 组化检测 ROS1 重排并不太可靠。另外，Pan-TRK 组化已被报道为检测 NTRK 融合的敏感方法。但是，其他 IMT 相关的融合基因 (PDGFRB、RET) 还没有可靠的免疫组化标记物。

# 讨 论

四、虽然 IgG4-RD 更多的是多器官受累的老年男性，但也可发生于年轻患者，另外约33%的 IgG4-RD 为单器官受累，约50%的 IgG4-RD 血清IgG4没有升高。鉴于显著的临床及组织学的重叠，以及较大比例的 IMT 缺乏可检测的遗传改变，IMT 还是可能被误诊为 IgG4-RD。所以，作者主张在年轻/中年患者，单一器官受累时应充分考虑 IMT 的可能性。



# 总 结

- 一、年轻患者或单器官受累时，需要加做 ALK 和 ROS1 的免疫组化，甚至FISH。
- 二、NGS 检测是区分 IMT 与其他相似的炎症性疾病的有效手段，对一些特殊的病例应加做 NGS 检测。
- 三、鉴于穿刺标本中无法确定细胞的异型性，这些标准更适用于活检标本。
- 四、诊断为 IgG4-RD 而治疗无效的，应重新复诊，充分排除 IMT的可能性。

**Thanks for your  
time!**